CS-210, Technical History of Computing

1. Introduction

The purpose of this course is to provide students with a comprehensive overview of the evolution of computing from the start of recorded history through modern times, so that they may better understand the present and critically evaluate the future as it unfolds, throughout their careers as computer scientists.

The course is led by Adjunct Instructor, Evan Koblentz. <u>Click here to learn about meLinks</u> to an external site..

Topics include mechanical calculating, analog computing, relay/tube computers, first-generation programming languages, transistors, integrated circuits, I/O such as punch cards/paper tape/floppy disks, the minicomputer generation, the microcomputer revolution, development of graphical and network systems, early mobile computing, and modern history. A special focus on historic developments in New Jersey will be part of all lectures.

2. Five simple rules

There are five simple rules in my class. In no particular order:

- Pay attention. It is insulting to me and other students if you do homework for other classes, play games, chat online, etc. while you're here. If I hear typing, then I expect you're taking notes.
- Speak up! I am happy when students ask smart questions.
- Be civil. I encourage active debate about historical topics and how they impact current events. You may vehemently disagree with me or with other students, but keep it polite.
- Don't use the F-word. No, not THAT one. I am talking about "first". This is a history course, so we'll learn about generations of computing. "First" is subjective and we will aim to avoid it at all costs.
- Never cheat. It's unfair to yourself and your classmates. Cheating includes looking up answers online, using AI such as ChatGPT to write answers, sharing answers with other students, posting quizzes/exams/answers online, and so on. We will abide by the NJIT policy, which states:

"Academic Integrity is the cornerstone of higher education and is central to the ideals of this course and the university. Cheating is strictly prohibited and devalues the degree that you are working on. As a member of the NJIT community, it is your responsibility to protect your educational investment by knowing and following the academic code of

integrity policy that is found

at: http://www5.njit.edu/policies/sites/policies/files/academic-integrity-code.pdfLinks to an external site. Please note that it is my professional obligation and responsibility to report any academic misconduct to the Dean of Students Office. Any student found in violation of the code by cheating, plagiarizing or using any online software inappropriately will result in disciplinary action. This may include a failing grade of F, and/or suspension or dismissal from the university. If you have any questions about the code of Academic Integrity, please contact the Dean of Students Office at dos@njit.edu."

3. Logistics

The best way to reach me is evank@njit.edu or through the Canvas messaging system. Adjuncts do not have standard office hours. However I am a full-time NJIT staff member, so I am available most days by appointment (Monday-Tuesday: remote / Wednesday-Thursday-Friday: in-person). My office location is Fenster 440B. Please contact me first, rather than dropping in.

Grading is as follows: 30% final exam, 30% midterm, 20% weekly quizzes, 20% attendance.

The required book is "A new history of modern computing" (Haigh/Ceruzzi).

4. Schedule

- September 6: Intro + Pre-history: What's a computer? Clay tablets, invention
 of number systems, analog vs. digital, abacus, quipu, Greek/Roman mechanical
 programming, Antikythera device, slide rule, binary, Pascal,
 Leibniz, Babbage/Lovelace, etc.
- September 13: Giant brains: Boole, differential analyzers, Bush, relay computers (Bell Labs/Harvard), vacuum tubes, Turing, Colossus, ENIAC, National Bureau of Standards
- September 20: Commercial hardware: punch cards/IBM, UNIVAC, LEO, von Neumann, group project (develop a computer startup company, circa 1957)
- September 27: Commercial programming: the women of ENIAC, Shannon, UNIVAC programming, COBOL (with hands-on demo), Fortran
- October 4: Transistors and integrated circuits: Edison effect (here in Newark!), Bell Labs, what else did transistors enable, MIT TX-0, MOBIDIC, Fieldata, Noyce/Kilby, Moore's Law
- October 11: Minicomputing/analog: DEC PDP/VAX, Boston 128 corridor, analog's role, C, Unix, timesharing, Mauchly again, EAI, future role of analog computing in quantum

- October 18: Microcomputer revolution: RESISTORS, Amateur Computer Society, BASIC, People's Computer Club, Ted Nelson, Homebrew Computer Club vs. ACG-NJ, Mark-8, S-100 generation, Microsoft, Apple
- October 25: Midterm Exam
- November 1: Mainstream microcomputing: The trinity: Apple II, Commodore PET 2001, Radio Shack TRS-80 Model 1, BASIC group project (can you make a program from nothing but some examples and reference books?)
- November 8: Networking: Hardware vs. applications SAGE, ARPAnet/IMPs, BBN, NSFnet, Internet, Intel/DEC/Xerox make Ethernet; email, FTP, Archie, Veronica, Gopher, WAIS, WWW, modern 'apps'
- November 15: Becoming graphical: Bush's As We May Think, SRI's Mother of All Demos, Xerox PARC, Mac, The Humane Interface, Windows + underdogs (Amiga, etc.)
- November 22: No class (NJIT follows Friday schedule)
- November 29: Mobile: Curta, DYSEAC, MOBIDIC revisited, science fiction, Osborne, Compag, laptops, Newton, Simon, etc.
- December 6: Modern history: EIES, early websites, cyclical (cloud vs. timesharing), NVRAM, artificial intelligence, etc. / Vintage computing hobby
- December 13: Review
- December 20: Final exam