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NON-EQUILIBRIUM PARAMETRIC PUMPS FOR

-i-

SEPARATING LIQUIDS OR GASES

By

ANIL KRISHNA RASTOGI

A THESIS

PRESENTED IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

AT

NEW-JERSEY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

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1977

NEWARK, NEW-JERSEY

APPROVAL OF THESIS

NON-EQUILIBRIUM PARAMETRIC PUMPS FOR

SEPARATING LIQUIDS OR GASES

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ANIL KRISHNA RASTOGI

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DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING NEWJERSEY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

ΒY

FACULTY COMMITTEE

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NEWARK ,NEWJERSEY

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ABSTRACT

An experimental and theoretical study has been done of Non-Equilibrium parametric pumps. Mathematical models and computer programmes are developed for both thermal and heatless parametric pumps based on non-equilibrium conditions and linear isotherms. A mathematical study was done for thermal parametric pumps whereas both experimental and theoretical studies were made for a heatless parametric pump. The effect of different operating conditions has been investigated on the separation of NaCl-H₂O via a thermal parametric pump and He-CO₂ and He-C₃H₆ gas mixtures via a heatless parametric pump.

The experimental study of heatless parametric pumps was extended to the separation of ternary gas mixtures. The effect of different operating conditions on the separation has been emphasized. The results based on binary gas model have been compared with ternary experimental results.

The mathematical study of thermal parametric pumps shows that separation of mixtures may be predicted. It also helps in predicting the effect of different operating conditions, such as \mathscr{O}_{B} , half cycle time. Thus, mathematically optimum conditions can be found to attain a definite separation.

Similarly, a study of heatless parametric pumps shows that separation of gaseous mixtures is possible by this technique. The experimental studies shows that this technique is not only limited to binary mixtures but can be successfully applied to the multicomponent mixtures. The mathematically calculated results show the same effect as observed experimentally.

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SCOPE

Parametric pumping is a periodic separation technique which represents an alternative to the conventional adsorption process. This concept requires a solute/adsorbent system in which some controllable thermodynamic variable viz. temperature, pressure or pH affects the solute equilibrium distribution between the fluid and solid phases.

Parametric pumping has several advantage over conventional separation processes. In general, parametric cyclic technique is self generating. The operation is continuous. This technique increases the separating capacity for a given column. The capital investment for the process is relatively low for a given flow rates of products.

Parametric pumping technique can be categorized into two cases. In the first, solute and adsorbent(solid) are assumed to reach equilibrium instantaneously. The mass transfer coefficient between two phases is considered to be infinite. This is called ' Equilibrium parametric pumping.' In the second case which is closer to the real situation, the solute and solid do not reach equilibrium. The mass transfer rate is dependent upon the overall driving force available and the mass transfer coefficient is finite. This is known as NON-EQUILIBRIUM pumping.

Further, periodic separation caused by variable temperature is known as Thermal Parametric Pumping, whereas separation obtained using pressure as a thermodynamic variable is called Heatless Parametric Pumping. In principle, Thermal Parametric Pumping consists of changing the operating column temperature and reversing

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the direction of flow during each half cycle. Two upflow and downflow half cycles constitute one cycle.During upflow or hot half cycle, solute is desorbed, while in reverse flow, cold half cycle solute is adsorbed. Thus, solute-rich and solute-lean products are obtained during respective half cycles.Thermal parametric pumps can be operated in batch, semicontinuously or continuously. On the other hand, heatless parametric pumping is based on changing of the total pressure during each half cycle, keeping the temperature of the system constant. During each half cycle, one column is maintained at high pressure and the other column at low pressure. At high pressure, solute is adsorbed and at low pressure , solute is desorbed, resulting in solute-lean product and solute-rich product from respective columns.

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BACKGROUND

Many workers have studied parametric pumping in one of its specific forms. Thermal parametric pumping was conceived by Wilhelm about 1962. Separation of NaCl-H₂O liquid system using ion-exchange resins have been reported by Rice(1966), Wilhelm Rice and Bedelius(1966), Rolke(1967) and Wilhelm, Rice, Rolke and Sweed(1968). McAndrew(1967) studied recuperative thermal parametric ' pumping as applied to a gaseous methane-nitrogen system. Meyers(1968) showed the separation of equimolar feed of ethane and propane experimentally on a continuous flowrate basis. Meyers(1970) also developed a theoretical equilibrium plug flow model for the gaseous mixture separation.

Pigford, Baker and Blum(1969) also presented an equilibrium theory of the continuous parametric pumps. Sweed and Wilhelm(1969) computed the separation of Toluene-Heptane mixture using a numerical algorithm based on equilibrium operation and also determined the effect of displacement, cycle time, phase angle, and reservoir volume on separation. Chen and Hill(1971) investigated batch, semicontinuous, and continuous versions of the parametric pump in terms of an equilibrium theory. Patrick (1972) also showed the separation of the air-SO₂ mixture using a direct thermal mode and developed theoretical results based on instantaneous gas-solid equilibrium relationships. Patrick also studied the effect of the number of cycles, pumping cycle time and operating temperature range and level on the extent of separation over a wide range of operating conditions. Gregory(1974) made a quantitative comparision of conventional adsorption with parametric pumping for a non-equilibrium system with nonlinear isotherms.

Some workers have investigated the separation of gaseous mixtures via heatless parametric pumps. A brief review is given below:

Alexis(1967) made a comparative study of heatless parametric pumping with other separation processes in upgrading hydrogen. Alexis showed that heatless parametric pumping is the most economical for treating moderate amounts of hydrogen. Kadlec (1971) separated nitrogen and methane using pressure as the driving force in a single column similar to a thermal parametric pump. Kadlec also developed a mathematical model based upon the assumption of instantaneous equilibrium between the gas phase and the adsorbed gas. Kadlec(1972) investigated the problem of optimum feed rate and optimum cycle time for heatless parametric pumping based on instantaneous equilibrium theory.

A different approach has been used by Shendalman(1972) in studying the separation of He-CO₂ mixture via a heatless parametric pump. Shendalman developed a mathematical model considering instantaneous equilibrium theory. Shendalman (1972) extended his experimental and theoretical investigation for non-equilibrium conditions.

The present work has been divided into three parts. In the first part, a mathematical model has been developed for the non-equilibrium thermal parametric pump. In the second part an experimental study has been done for non-equilibrium heatlessparametric pumps for separating binary gas mixtures and also a

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mathematical model has been developed for the calculation of concentration profiles. In the third part, experimental study of heatless parametric pumps has been extended for the separation of ternary gas mixtures. The effect on the separation of different operating conditions such as half cycle time, operating pressure and purge ratio has been determined.

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THEORY

Consider a differential element of thickness dx in the column. By material balance for the solute, one gets -

$$\epsilon \frac{\partial(cv)}{\partial x} + s (1-\epsilon) \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + \epsilon \frac{\partial c}{\partial t} = 0$$
 . ----(1)

In the above equation the first term is due to bulk flow of fluid along the length of the column, the second and third terms are an accumulation in solid and fluid phases, respectively. Rearranging equation (1) -

 $\begin{array}{rcl} v & \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} & + & \frac{\partial c}{\partial t} & = - & \frac{(1-\epsilon)}{\epsilon} & {}^{S}_{S} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} & - & c & \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & & ----(2) \\ & & \text{Similarly, for the total mass balance, at steady state-} \\ \varepsilon & \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} & + & \frac{\partial (Sv)}{\partial x} & + & (1-\epsilon) & {}^{S}_{S} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} & = 0 & & & ----(3) \\ & & \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} & + & \varepsilon & \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & + & \varepsilon & v & \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} & + & (1-\epsilon) & {}^{S}_{S} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} & = 0 & & & ----(4) \end{array}$

Equations (2) and (4) are based on the following assumptions -

(A) ASSUMPTIONS :

1. Only one component is adsorbed in the flowing fluid.

2. Plug flow.

3. Negligible axial diffusion.

4. Molar density of flowing fluid has been considered constant.

Validity of this assumption for two different cases is explained below -

a) In liquid phase, the solute concentration is very small compared to that of the solvent. Hence, change in the concentration of solute has a negligible effect on the molar density of the fluid.

b) In the gas phase, the solute gas concentration is very small

and the density has been considered as that of the non adsorbing component helium only. If the pressure in the column is constant then the molar density of fluid will be constant.

5. Linear isotherms apply.

(B) Equations (2) and (4) are simplified further as below:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 0$$
, for constant density fluid.

Equation (4) then changes to :

Equations (2),(5) and (6) are basic equations which are further used for generating characteristic equations. The steps are shown below :

$$c = f(x,t) \qquad ----(7)$$
so,
$$dc = \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial c}{\partial t} dt \qquad ,$$
or
$$\frac{dc}{dx} = \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial c}{\partial t} \frac{dt}{dx} \qquad ----(8)$$
If
$$\frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{v} \qquad ,$$
Equation (8) changes to :
$$v \frac{dc}{dx} = v \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial c}{\partial t} \qquad ----(9)$$

According to the above condition, i.e., along a line of slope = $\frac{1}{v}$, the total derivative changes to the partial derivative. Similarly, v = f(x,t), so, $dv = \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} dt$,

or,	$\frac{dv}{dv} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial v} +$	34	dt	•			(10)
	ax ox	00	ux		· ·		
If	$\frac{dt}{dx} = 0$,				•	
then	$\frac{d\mathbf{v}}{d\mathbf{v}}$	=	<u>37</u>	•			(11)

This shows that along t= a constant, the total derivative changes to partial derivative. In other words, in a t-x axis at a fixed time, velocity is a function of x alone, which can be solved using Euler's iterative method or Runge-Kutta method.

Similarly, w = f(x,t),

$$dw = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} dt$$
$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial t}$$
$$If \qquad \frac{dx}{dt} = 0 \qquad ,$$

Then equation (12) changes to -

 $\frac{\mathrm{d}w}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} \qquad ----(13)$

----(12)

Equation (13) shows that in a t-x axis, at a fixed distance in the column the solid concentration is a function of time only. Thus the solid phase concentration at any time can be solved using Euler's iterative method or Runge-Kutta method.

Combining equations (2),(5) and (6) with equations (9),(11) and (13) respectively, one obtains :

 $\frac{v}{dx} = -\left(\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}\right) \int_{s} \frac{dw}{dt} - c \frac{dv}{dx} \cdot \cdots + \frac{1}{2}$ Along, $\frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{v} \cdot \cdots + \frac{1}{v}$ $\frac{dv}{dx} = -\left(\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}\right) \int_{s} \frac{dw}{dt} \cdot \cdots + \frac{1}{2}$ ----(14)

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Along,	$\frac{dt}{dx}$	=	0	•		÷	(15-a)
and,	<u>dw</u> dt	=	f(c,w	,v)	•		(16)
Along,	$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{x}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}}$	=	0	•			(16-a)

Equations (14) to (16-a) are used to generate concentration profiles for different parametric pumps. The application of the above equations in two types of pumps has been discussed separately.

(C)(i) THERMAL PARAMETRIC PUMPS

The following additional assumptions are used in simplifying equations (14) to (16-a) :

1. The concentration of the solute in the fluid mixture is very small. Hence, the velocity of fluid through the column is considered constant. Therefore, $v = v_0$,

2. The fluid phase driving force is controlling for the calculation of mass-transfer coefficients.

If z	= $\frac{x}{v_0}$, then the above equations become -	
$\frac{dc}{dz} =$	$= - \left(\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}\right) \frac{g_s}{g} \frac{dw}{dt}$	(17)
Along,	$\frac{\mathrm{d}t}{\mathrm{d}z} = 1 .$	(17-a)
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}w}{\mathrm{d}t} = \lambda \left(c - \frac{w}{M_{\mathrm{T}}} \right) \bullet$	(18)
Along,	$\frac{\mathrm{d}z}{\mathrm{d}t} = 0 \bullet$	(18-a)
Where,	$\lambda = \alpha v_0^{1-\beta} \cdot$	(19)
and,	$M_{T} = a - b T$.	(20)

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Network of Two Families of Characteristics

as given by Sweed (1971) values of constants α , β , a and b are listed in Table-21. Equations (17) and (18) are solved in a t-z plane using Euler's iterative method as shown below :

In a t-z plane(Fig-1), the intersection of $t = z + k \cdot \Delta t$ and $z=\ell \cdot \Delta z$, i.e., point (k,ℓ) can be calculated using initial conditions along $z=\ell \cdot \Delta z$ and $\frac{dt}{dz} = 1$. For example, if t is divided into k intervals and $\ell = NNZ$, then , considering $t = 1 \cdot \Delta t$, $c_{(1,1)}$ and $w_{(1,1)}$ can be calculated using points (0,0) and (0,1). The equations (17) to (20) can be written as below :

The first approximation for $c_{(1,1)}$ and $w_{(1,1)}$ will be :

$$c_{(1,1)}^{1} = c_{(0,0)} - \left(\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}\right) \frac{g_{s}}{s} \lambda \left(c_{(0,0)} - \frac{w_{(0,0)}}{M_{T}}\right) \Delta z$$

$$w_{(1,1)}^{1} = w_{(0,0)} + \lambda \left(c_{(0,1)} - \frac{w_{(0,1)}}{M_{T}}\right) \Delta z$$
----(24)

A more exact result can be obtained by making use of a procedure analogous to the modified Euler's method used by Acrivos (1956) :

This iterative procedure is continued until the values of $C_{(1,1)}$

and w(1,1) converge. In identical manner $c_{(1,2)}$ and $w_{(1,2)}$; $c_{(1,3)}$ and $w_{(1,3)}$; $c_{(1,l)}$ and $w_{(1,l)}$ can be calculated. The whole procedure is repeated for t = 2.At; 3.At; kAt. Thus, values of c and w can be generated at (i,j) point, once values at (i-1,j-1) and (i-1,j) are known.

(C) (ii) HEATLESS PARAMETRIC PUMPS

Equations (14) to (16-a) are again simplified for a heatless parametric pump with the following additional assumptions :

1. The velocity of gaseous mixture is constant through the column bed ,i.e., $v = v_0$; 2. The gaseous mixture follows the simple ideal gas law. Hence, $c = \frac{3}{2}y$;

3. The solid phase driving force is controlling for the calculation of mass-transfer coefficients.

Hence,

$$\mathbf{v}_{0} \frac{\mathrm{d}(\overset{g}{\mathrm{d}x})}{\mathrm{d}x} = -\left(\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}\right) \overset{g}{\mathrm{s}}_{\mathrm{s}} \frac{\mathrm{d}w}{\mathrm{d}t} ,$$

$$\mathbf{v}_{0} y \frac{\mathrm{d}\overset{g}{\mathrm{d}x}}{\mathrm{d}x} + \mathbf{v}_{0} \overset{g}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = -\left(\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}\right) \overset{g}{\mathrm{s}}_{\mathrm{s}} \frac{\mathrm{d}w}{\mathrm{d}t} . \qquad ----(27)$$

or,

Since, g is constant, $\frac{dg}{dx} = 0$, and equation (27)

changes to :

 $\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{x}} = \frac{\mathbf{l}}{\mathbf{v}_0}$

---- (28-a)

Along,

and,
$$\frac{dx}{dt}$$

= 0

where λ is mass transfer coefficient that has been defined in Appendix-I.

Also,
$$\ddot{W} = M_P \left(\frac{P y}{R T}\right)$$
 ----(30)

where the value of equilibrium constant M_P is assumed to be constant calculated at P = 60 psia from fig. - 2.

Let, $z = \frac{x}{v_0}$, equations (28) to (29-a) are transformed to the following form :

$$\frac{dy}{dz} = -\frac{g_s}{g} \frac{(1-\epsilon)}{\epsilon} \left(\frac{y P M_P}{R T} - w\right) \cdot ----(31)$$

$$\frac{dt}{dz} = 1 \cdot ----(31-a)$$

----(29-a)

Along,

Along, $\frac{dz}{dt} = 0$. ----(32-a)

Equations (31) and (32) are solved in a t-z plane using the Runge-Kutta method as discussed below .Consider in a t-z plane, two families of lines (31-a) and (32-a) such that the following conditions are satisfied :

 $\frac{dt}{dz} = 1 \quad ----I \quad ,$

and,

z = constant ----II,

A network of I and II characteristics can be represented by the following equations :

$$t = z + k \Delta t$$
$$z = \ell \Delta z ,$$

where Δt and Δz are arbitrary infinitesimal increments and k, ℓ

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PRESSURE (MM. MERCURY)

Figure 2

are integers. The point of intersection of two characteristics can be denoted by the symbol (k, ℓ) and the values of y and w at these points will be denoted by $y_{(k,\ell)}$ and $w_{(k,\ell)}$ respectively. For example, (2,1) refers to the intersection of the two characteristics :

 $t = z + 2 \Delta t$ and $z = \Delta z$

Evaluation of the quantities $y_{(1,1)}$ and $w_{(1,1)}$ proceeds in the following manner :

Equation (31) can be written as :

$$\frac{dy}{dz} = f(y,w) ,$$
Using the Runge-Kutta method for Δz increment :
 $K_1 = f(y_{(0,0)}, w_{(0,0)}) \Delta z ,$
 $y_{(1,1)}^1 = y_{(0,0)} + K_1/2 ,$
 $K_2 = f(y_{(1,1)}^1, w_{(0,0)}) \Delta z ,$
 $y_{(1,1)}^2 = y_{(0,0)} + K_2/2 ,$
 $K_3 = f(y_{(1,1)}^2, w_{(0,0)}) \Delta z ,$
 $y_{(1,1)}^3 = y_{(0,0)} + K_3/2 ,$
 $K_{\mu} = f(y_{(1,1)}^3, w_{(0,0)}) \Delta z ,$
 $\Delta y = (K_1 + 2K_2 + 2K_3 + K_{\mu})/6 ,$
 $y_{(1,1)} = y_{(0,0)} + \Delta y ,$
For the calculation of $w_{(1,1)}$:

 $\frac{\mathrm{d}w}{\mathrm{d}t} = 1(3)$

,W)

. . .

$$K_{1}' = f(y_{(0,1)}, w_{(0,1)}) \Delta t$$

$$w_{(1,1)}^{1} = w_{(0,1)} + K_{1}^{'}/2 ,$$

$$K_{2}^{!} = f (y_{(0,1)} , w_{(1,1)}^{1}) \Delta t$$

$$w_{(1,1)}^{2} = w_{(0,1)} + K_{2}^{'}/2 ,$$

$$K_{3}^{'} = f (y_{(0,1)} , w_{(1,1)}^{2}) \Delta t$$

$$w_{(1,1)}^{3} = w_{(0,1)} + K_{3}^{'}/2 ,$$

$$K_{4}^{'} = f (y_{(0,1)} , w_{(1,1)}^{3}) \Delta t$$

$$\Delta w = (K_{1}^{'} + 2 K_{2}^{'} + 2 K_{3}^{'} + K_{4}^{'}) /$$

$$w_{(1,1)}^{0} = w_{(0,1)}^{0} + \Delta w$$

Similarly, for $t = 1 \ t$, $y_{(1,2)}$ and $w_{(1,2)}$; $y_{(1,3)}$ and $w_{(1,3)}$; $y_{(1,\ell)}$, $w_{(1,\ell)}$ can be estimated. The same procedure is repeated for $t = 2 \ t$, 3 $\ t$, k $\ t$. Therefore, in general, $y_{(j,i)}$ and $w_{(j,i)}$ can be calculated once y and w are known at points (j-1,i-1) and (j-1,i).

6

(D) CYCLIC OPERATION OF THERMAL PARAMETRIC PUMPS

A thermal parametric pump consists of one jacketed column with two reservoirs, each at one end. Feed is introduced at the top.(Fig.-3) After each half cycle the column temperature is changed , keeping the pressure constant. At the begining of cyclic operation the column is saturated at high temperature during the first half cycle. In general, one complete cycle can be divided into four parts as described herein :



Figure 53

Continuous Thermal Parametric Pump

STEP 1The direction of flow is upward and the column ismaintained at a high temperature. Component A is desorbed; thussolute-enriched top product is obtained during this half cycle.STEP 2The temperature of the column changes from hightemperature to low temperature and the direction of the flow isreversed.

STEP 3 The direction of flow is downward and the column is maintained at low temperature. Solute is adsorbed, resulting in a solute-lean product from the bottom end.

<u>STEP 4</u> The temperature changes from high to low and the direction of flow changes from downward to upward. Steps 2 and 4 take place instantaneously and feed is introduced continuously at the top.

(E) COMPUTER CALCULATION FOR CYCLIC OPERATION (Fig. 4)

Total distance intervals = NNZ

STEP 1

$$\Delta zl = \Delta tl = \frac{H}{v_1 \text{ NNZ}} \quad ----(34)$$

Initial conditions :

(1) @z = 0 for all $t \ge 0$

 $c_{(k,0)} = \langle CBPl \rangle_n$, where $\langle CBPl \rangle_n$ can be obtained by material balance at the bottom reservoir.(Step 4)

For n = 1, $\langle CBP1 \rangle = c_0$, Also integrating equation (18):

$$W_{(k,0)} = W_{(k-1,0)} M_{T} - (M_{T} c_{(k,0)} - W_{(k-1,0)})exp(-\Delta t)$$



Figure 4: Block Diagram for Thermal Parametric Pumping

Where, $t = k \Delta t_1$, For n = 1, $w_{(k-1,0)} = w$ values obtained at the end of $(n-1)^{th}$ cold half cycle. (2) @ t = 0, $x \ge 0$

 $\binom{c_{(0,i)}}{w_{(0,i)}} = c$, w values obtained at the end of $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ cold half cycle.

Using the method of characteristics concentration profiles are calculated for $t = \Delta t_1$; $2 \Delta t_1$; $k \Delta t_1$. At the end of nth high temperature half cycle :

<CTl> = average of concentrations obtained at the end of column at $t = \Delta t_1$; $2 \Delta t_1$; $k \Delta t_1$

STEP 2

For nth downflow half cycle, by making material balance at the top reservoir :

$$\langle CTP2 \rangle_n = \frac{Q \langle CTP1 \rangle n + V_T \langle CTP2 \rangle n-1}{V_T + Q}$$
 ----(36)

 $<CT2> = (p_{T} + p_{B}) c_{0} + (1-p_{T}) <CTP2> n-1$ ----(37)

There is instantaneous temperature change in the column.

STEP 3

Column at the low temperature

$$v_2 = (1 + \beta_B) Q$$

A TIME ----(38)

This step is similar to the step 1. At the end of half cycle:

 $\langle CBP2 \rangle$ = average of the concentration obtained at the end of t = $\Delta t2$; 2 $\Delta t2$; k Δt 2.

STEP 4

By material balance at the bottom reservoir

 $\langle CBP1 \rangle_{n+1} = \langle CBP2 \rangle_n Q + V_B \langle CBP1 \rangle_n ----(40)$ During this step also, the solid and liquid phase concentrations stay at the value attained at the end of the nth cold half cycle. (F) <u>CYCLIC OPERATION OF HEATLESS PARAMETRIC PUMPS</u>

This technique uses two columns under operation. One column operates at high pressure and the other column operates at low pressure (Fig. 5). Before starting the cyclic operation, both columns are saturated with gas mixture by maintaining either both columns at the same pressure or both the columns at different pressures. In this work, both saturating conditions have been used. One complete cycle is divided into four steps as below: (See fig. 6)

STEP 1 High pressure feed flows through the column 1, solute is adsorbed, resulting in a solute-lean top product. A portion of solute-lean product is purged to low pressure column 2. In column 2, there is decrease in pressure, resulting in desorption of solute. Hence, solute-enriched bottom product is obtained at the end of column 2.

<u>STEP 2</u> Column 2 is repressurized to high pressure (repressurization) while column 1 is brought to low pressure (blow-down). (Fig. 7) <u>STEP 3</u> Flow of feed is reversed from column 1 to column 2, now at high pressure.

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Schematic drawing of heatless Parametric Pump



Figure 6

Stepwise Outline of Heatless Parametric Pumping



Repressurization and Depressurization of Columns

STEP μ Column 1 is repressurized and column 2 is depressurized (Fig. 7).

During steps 2 and 4, solid concentration is considered to be frozen while fluid concentration (in the bulk gas) changes according to the pressure difference. Also, in these steps, gas is fed at high pressure but no gas is removed from the pressurized column whereas gas is blown off from the low pressure column but no gas is fed into it. Steps 2 and 4 take place instantaneously. (G) COMPUTER CALCULATION OF CYCLIC OPERATION (Fig. 8)

Let total number of intervals = NNZ

STEP 1

For high pressure column

$$\Delta zl = \Delta tl = \frac{HA}{NNZQ}$$
 (41)

$$\mathbf{v}_{1} = \frac{Q}{A} \qquad ----(42)$$

For. nth half cycle, initial conditions are :

(1) @ z = 0 $y_{(k,0)} = y_0$, $w_{(k,0)} = f(w,y)$,

The solid phase concentration is calculated using Runge-Kutta method as below :

 $K_1 = (\overset{*}{W}_{(k,0)} - W_{(k-1,0)}) \triangle zl$

 $\frac{\mathrm{d}w}{\mathrm{d}t} = \lambda \left(\begin{array}{c} * \\ w \\ - \end{array} \right)$

Where,

 $\overset{*}{w} = \frac{y_{O} P M_{P}}{R T}$

Now
$$w_{(k,0)}^{1} = w_{(k-1,0)} + K_{1}/2 ,$$

$$K_{2} = \lambda \cdot \left(\frac{w}{w}_{(k,0)} - w_{(k,0)}^{1} \right) \quad \Delta z l ,$$

$$w_{(k,0)}^{2} = w_{(k-1,0)} + K_{3}/2 ,$$

$$K_{3} = \lambda \cdot \left(\frac{w}{w}_{(k,0)} - w_{(k,0)}^{2} \right) \quad \Delta z l ,$$

$$w_{(k,0)}^{3} = w_{(k,0)}^{2} + K_{3}/2 ,$$

$$K_{4} = \lambda \cdot \left(\frac{w}{w}_{(k,0)} - w_{(k,0)}^{3} \right) \quad \Delta z l ,$$

$$D_{W} = \left(K_{1} + 2 K_{2} + 2 K_{3} + K_{4} \right)/6 ,$$

$$w_{(k,0)}^{W} = w_{(k-1,0)} + D_{W} .$$

For k = 1, $w_{(k-1,0)} = w$ values obtained at the end of (n-1)th half cycle.

(2) @ t = 0 $y_{(0,i)}$ = y and w values obtained at the $w_{(0,i)}$ end of $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ half cycle.

Using the method of characteristics, the concentration profile is calculated for $t = \Delta tl$; $2 \Delta tl$, $k \Delta tl$, until the half cycle time is complete. At the end of nth half cycle :

<YTP> = average of the concentrations obtained at the end of column during t = Δ tl , 2 Δ tl,k Δ tl. For Low Pressure Column -

$$\Delta z = \Delta t = \frac{H}{NNZ} = \frac{H}{Q} + \frac{A}{Y} + \frac{A}{V}$$

$$v2 = \underline{Q} \quad \underline{Y} \qquad \bullet \qquad ----(\underline{1}\underline{1}\underline{1})$$



FIGURE 8 : Block Diagram for Heatless Parametric Pumping

Initial conditions :

(2) @ t = 0

y , w values obtained during (n-1)th
w(0,i) half cycle.

Again using the method of characteristics, the concentration profiles are calculated. At the end of the half cycle :

<YBP> = average of the concentration obtained at the

end of the column during $t = \Delta t^2$, $2 \Delta t^2$, k Δt^2 .

STEP 2 REPRESSURIZATION AND DEPRESSURIZATION OF COLUMNS

Before the start of (n+1)th half cycle, the column which was at low pressure during the nth half cycle, is repressurized to high pressure. Also, the solid phase concentration remains frozen to the value attained at the end of the nth half cycle, but, because of the change of pressure, the gas phase is compressed and is given by the simple ideal gas law :

 T_he void space formed by compression is filled by feed gas.(Fig. 7) AA - position of the gas phase obtained at the end of the nth cycle



BB -position attained after the compression of gas phase.

CC - position of standard increments obtained by linear

interpolation of position BB.

Similarly, the column which was at high pressure during the nth half cycle is blown down to low pressure.Again the solid phase concentration remains frozen at the value obtained at the end of nth half cycle, whereas fluid phase concentration is expanded according to the ideal gas law :

$$\ell_2 = \ell_1 \frac{P_H}{P_L} \qquad ----(46)$$

In figure 7 :

AA' - position attained at the end of the nth half cycle

BB' - position after compression

CC' - position obtained by linear interpolation of BB'

The calculations of steps 3 and 4 are similar to those of steps 1 and 2, respectively.

ADJUSTMENT OF OPTIMUM NUMBER OF INCREMENTS (NNZ)

In mathematical calculation, the selection of increments is important to achieve stability in concentration profiles. For the calculation of mass transfer coefficients in heatless parametric pumps, the following equation is used (Appendix - I)

$$\lambda = \alpha \left[\frac{D_{P G}}{\mathcal{U} (1-\epsilon)} \right]^{-0.51} \qquad \frac{\left[\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{U} \\ \mathcal{P} \end{array} \right]^{-2/3}}{M_{g P \mathcal{G} H \epsilon}}$$

Here, value of λ depends on the two constants α , B and on the operating conditions. The value of has been selected equal to -0.51.

For the He-CO₂ system assume that $\alpha = 1.0$. Computer calculations, are carried out for the concentration profiles taking NNZ= 100,150, 200,250. It was observed that NNZ >150 gives an almost stable concentration profile for top and bottom products (Fig. 9). Thus, for $\alpha = 1.0$, NNZ = 150 is the value to attain stability. Similarly, for the He-C₃H₆ system :

 α = 0.25 , NNZ = 150 for stability. Other operating conditions are :

> $\Upsilon = 2.2$, Q = 10 cc/min. $\frac{\pi}{\omega} = 15$ mins., y₀ = 1 % CO₂ or 1% C₃H₆.

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

In this work a mathematical model has been developed for the NaCl-H₂O system using a thermal parametric pump. Thirteen results have been mathematically calculated for different operating conditions and the effects of different operating conditions have been observed. In Table-1 different operating conditions for thirteen runs have been listed. A typical detailed display of concentration profiles is shown in Table-23 and Figure-10.

Both experimental and mathematical studies have been made for the separation of gaseous mixtures via a heatless parametric pump. Seventeen runs have been performed experimentally. Table-2 lists fifteen experimental runs with different systems and other operating conditions. Out of the fifteen runs listed, four runs are for the separation of the He-CO₂ mixture listed in Tables-4,5,6,7. Tables-4 and 5 give the calibration for peak height and pressure of CO_2 gas. Tables-6 and 7 present cyclic concentrations obtained after the each half cycle for CO_2 gas. In these tables concentration has been shown as the ratio of, cyclic peak height and initial gas peak height.

It is shown in Appendix II that the peak height is proportional to y(concentration), so the peak height ratio is also the concentration ratio. Peak height ratio is plotted against half cycle time. Table-8 is calibration for $\text{He-C}_{3}\text{H}_{6}$ and Tables-9,10, 11,12 and 13 are cyclic concentrations for $\text{He-C}_{3}\text{H}_{6}$ separation. Table-14 is the calibration for ternary mixture $\text{He-CO}_{2}\text{-C}_{3}\text{H}_{6}$ and Tables 15 to 18 are for the cyclic separations. Tables-19 and 20 list degree of saturation of the bed with separation. Tables-21 and

-26-

22 list the operating conditions used in the mathematical models for two types of parametric pumps respectively. In Table-23, different operating conditions have been listed for the results calculated from the binary gas mathematical model. Table-2h presents a typical case in detail of the concentration profiles for the He-C₃H₆ mixture.

(A) THERMAL PARAMETRIC PUMPS -

Figure - 10 is the presentation of characteristics concentration front movement for the NaCl-H₂O system. It is obvious from the figure that the solute moves towards the upper end of the column with the change of cycle direction until the steady state is reached, finally, resulting in less solute at the bottom and more solute in the top product. Figures-11 and 12 show that the model developed predicts the separation of NaCl-H₂O and also compares the effect of different operating conditions on separation.

Figure-11 indicates the effect of \mathscr{U}_B with the ratio of bottom reservoir volume and the displacement with other conditions as- $\frac{\Pi}{\omega}$ = 35 mins., $c_0 = 0.1 \text{ M}$, $Q(\frac{\Pi}{\omega}) = 25 \text{ cc}$. It shows that with the decrease in \mathscr{P}_B from 0.16 to 0.04, fluid moves more from the bottom reservoir to the top reservoir through the column; this results in the increased mixing at the top reservoir and the better separation.

In separation, the rate of interphase mass transfer is dependent on the temperature, fluid velocity and cycle time. However, since velocity is inversely proportional to the cycle time for a given displacement, a study of cycle time alone includes implicitly the velocity effect. Figure-12 shows the top and bottom products concentration for different cycle time with $\beta_{\rm B} = 0.04$, $Q(\frac{\Pi}{\omega}) = 25$ cc.

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and $c_0=0.1$ M. Increase in the cycle time from 25 mins. to 100 mins. results in better separation because more time is allowed for the transfer to occur between two phases.

An optimization study for the displacement volume is shown in figure-13. It is a plot of the steady state bottom product concentration vs. volumetric displacement for $\frac{\pi}{\omega}$ =35 mins., $\beta_{\rm B}$ =0.04, c₀=0.1M and gives the following important information:

For the above mentioned conditions the minimum concentration is 0.018M, for which the optimum value of displacement $Q(\frac{\pi}{\omega})$ is 5 cc. This curve is also helpful in determining the volumetric displacement required to obtain a desired bottom product concentration. For example, from figure-13 it can be shown that for obtaining 0.3 M bottom product ratio, the displacement $Q(\frac{\pi}{\omega})$ should be 26 cc, while all other operating conditions are fixed.

Experimental study for the NaCl-H₂O system has been done by Kim(25) and Rak(26).

(B) HEATLESS PARAMETRIC PUMPS

(i) Binary systems-

(a) Adjustment of 'd' value -

For the He-CO₂ system the concentration curve with α =1.0, β = -0.51 and NNZ=150 differs from the experimental results, figure-14. Therefore, different values of α have been tested to minimize the difference between the experimental and the computed results. A linear relation between α and NNZ has been used as shown below:

$$\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_2} = \frac{NNZ_1}{NNZ_2} = \text{constant},$$

if

$$\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_2} = \frac{\text{NNZ}_1}{\text{NNZ}_2} = 1.5$$

and

then

This trial and error procedure is continued until two types of results are close; figure (14) shows the optimum value for the He-CO₂ system. Similarly, for the He-C₃H₆ system the optimum values of \prec and NNZ have been found. These values are tabulated as below ($\gamma = 2.2$, $\frac{\pi}{\omega} = 15$ mins., Q = 10.0 cc/min.)

System	Optimum	value of
•	a	NNZ
He-CO2	4.0	600
He-C3 ^H 6	1.25	600

(b) Effect of different operating conditions -

The separation of binary gaseous mixtures He-CO₂ and He-C₃H₆ was observed experimentally, (Figures (17) and (19)). These two plots show clearly two curves for the bottom product. It is because both the columns were saturated at different pressures, i.e., one column at 60 psia and the other at 20 psia initially. ($\gamma = 2.2$, $\prod = 15$ mins. and Q = 10 cc/min.). It is expected that these two curves will merge into one at steady state value. The same trend was observed with the columns should be saturated at the same pressure, i.e., at high initial pressure. Figures 19 and 20 are for the separation of He-C₃H₆ mixture with a new saturation pressure of 60 psia and the other operating conditions - $\gamma = 2.2$, $\prod = 15$ mins. and Q= 10 cc/min. These conditions result in only one curve for the bottom product.

Next, the effect of the purge ratio on the separation of $He-C_3H_6$ mixtures was studied experimentally. It was found that

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the decrease in the purge ratio or purge volume to the low pressure column increases separation of mixture while the other operating conditions are fixed at $\frac{\pi}{\omega} = 15$ mins., $y_0 = 1\%$ C₃H₆ and Q = 10 cc/min. Also, for the same operating conditions, the mathematically calculated results are close to the experimental results. Hence the mathematical model is in agreement with the experimental results.

(ii) Ternary gas mixtures

Figures-22, 24 and 25 are for the experimental separation of gas mixture He-CO₂-C₃H₆ using a heatless parametric pump. These figures also represent the effect of different operating variables such as the purge ratio ' γ ' and half cycle time $\underline{\pi}$ on the separation. In figure - 23 it is observed that for the operating conditions $\gamma = 2.2$, $\underline{\pi} = 15$ mins. and Q= 10 cc/min. after the 15th half cycle, both the top and the bottom product concentrations for CO₂ drops below the feed concentration. This indicates accumulation of incoming CO₂ in the bed. It is considered that this occurs because of the following reasons:

1. half cycle time is too large ,

2. there is some interaction during the absorption of the gases. This causes the CO₂ disappearance from both the top and the bottom products.

To justify the above reasons the bed was saturated with CO_2 and C_3H_6 . Figure-23 is the saturation curve for CO_2 and C_3H_5 at 20 and 60 psia. From this figure for any gas,total amount absorbed is proportional to the area under the saturation curve. It was found that the net amount desorbed in changing the cycle from 60 psia to 20 psia is less for CO_2 than for C_3H_6 . The numerical values are as given below:

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for,	^C 3 ^H 6	=	<u>11.98-3.</u> R T S _s	605	•		
		Η	8.375 R T 9 _s	gm-mo]	Les	1	gm-solid

Figure 23 shows less desorption of CO_2 than C_3H_6 ; hence, the half cycle time may affect the separation of CO_2 in a ternary system. Figures 24 and 25 ($\gamma = 1.0$ and 1.5 respectively and $\frac{\pi}{\omega} = 8$ mins., Q = 10 cc/min) support the reasoning for large half cycle time. Figures 24 and 25 also show the affect of purge ratio on the separation. As in the case of a binary mixture, a decrease in the purge ratio from 1.5 to 1.0 increases the separation.

The computed results based on the binary gas mixture model have been compared with the ternary experimental results. (Figures 22 and 25) The two results are quite close for the operating conditions Q= 10 cc/min, $\prod_{\omega} = 15$ mins., and $\gamma = 2.2$ (Figure 22). However, for run 13, the deviation between the calculated and experimental results are higher than expected. (Figure 25). Thus, the above comparision indicates that for ternary mixtures, the effect of interaction of gases on adsorption should be taken into account in the development of the mathematical model.

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RECOMMENDATIONS

Further investigation in this field should be, determining the effect of different operating conditions such as feed flow rate, effect of half cycle time and purge ratio in more detail for both types of parametric pumps. For ternary or multicomponent system, a mathematical model can be developed similar to that for a binary system. In this mathematical model it would be important to consider the interaction of different gases in adsorption. Also, the experimental and mathematical studies of parametric pumping technique can be extended to the separation of different liquid and gaseous mixtures.

NOMENCLATURE

a - constant

A - cross sectional area of the column, cm^2

b - constant

 c_0 - molal concentration of solute in feed, gmole/cc

3 - equilibrium molal concentration, gmoles/cc

CBP1 - bottom product concentration during upflow, gmole/cc

CTP1 - top product concentration during upflow, gmole/cc

CT1 - outlet concentration in upflow cycle, gmole/cc

CT2 - inlet concentration in downflow, gmole/cc

CTP2 - top product concentration during downflow, gmole/cc

CBP2 - bottom product concentration in downflow cycle, gmole/cc D - diffusivity, cm^2/min .

 $D_{\rm p}$ - average particle diameter for 12-28 mesh size,cm

G - gas mass flow rate, $gm/cm^2/min$.

H - height of the column, cm

 \boldsymbol{j}_D - \boldsymbol{j} - factor for mass transfer , dimensionless

 ℓ - length at any time, cm

M - molecular weight, gm/gmole

 ${\rm M}_{\rm p}$ - equilibrium coefficient for gas phase

MT - equilibrium coefficient for liquid phase

NNZ - number of intervals

N - number of moles

P_C - critical pressure, atm.

Q - volumetric flow rate, cc/min.

 $K_1, K_2, K_3, K_4, K_1', K_2', K_3', K_4'$ - constants in Runge-Kutta method

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- R gas constant = 82.06 atm-cm³/gmole/ K
- t time, min.
- T temperature, K
- $T_{\rm C}$ critical temperature, K
- V reservoir volume, cc
- $v_0 v_0$ velocity of fluid through the column, cm/min
- w solid phase concentration , gmole/gm of solid
- x linear distance, cm
- y mole fraction of solute, gmole/gmole
- $z = x/v_0$, min
 - x increment in x, cm
 - z increment in z, min
 - t increment in t, min
- YTP top product concentration, gmole/gmole
- YBP bottom product concentration, gmole/gmole

Greek letters-

/ - ratio of reservoir volume to displcement, cc/cc

Y - purge ratio

f - density of bulk fluid, gmloe/cc

Ss - solid density, gm/cc

< - voidage of bed</pre>

 μ - viscosity, gm/ cm/ min

σ- collision diameter, cm

 Ω - collision integral, dimensionless

 λ - mass transfer coefficient for, heatless parametric pump, min⁻¹

for thermal parametric pump,

cm³/gm of solid/min

Subscript-

- <> average
- T top product
- B bottom product
- H high pressure

L - low pressure

1 - hot cycle or upflow

2 - cold cycle or downflow

i, l - z

j,k - time

n - cycle number

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APPENDICES

Calculation of mass transfer coefficient for heatless parametric pumps

Othmer (13) has given an expression for the calculation of mass transfer coefficient as below -

$$\mathbf{j}_{\mathrm{D}} = \frac{\mathbf{p} \cdot \lambda}{\mathrm{G/M}_{\mathrm{g}}} \qquad \left[\frac{\mu}{\beta \cdot \mathrm{D}}\right]^{2/3} \cdot \cdots \cdot (A)$$

where,

equations (A) and (B) are further simplified for $' \times '$ -

$$\lambda = \frac{\alpha \left[\frac{D_{p} \cdot G}{\mathcal{U}(1-\epsilon)}\right]^{-0.51}}{\frac{M_{g}}{P} \cdot \beta \cdot H \cdot \epsilon} \qquad (\min^{-1})$$

Physical properties of gaseous mixture in the above equation have been considered as that of Helium only, because solute gas (CO_2 or C_3H_6) in the mixture is in very small amount (1 % only). Viscosity of Helium and diffusivity of of CO_2 and C_3H_6 in helium have been estimated using the expression given by Bird (3).

- Calculation of Viscosity -

$$\mathcal{L} = 2.6693 * 10^{-5} * M_{\bullet}T ----(D)$$

for Helium - $\tau = 2.576$, $\epsilon = 10.2$, $\Omega_{A} = 0.7005$ Also, $T = 25^{\circ}C = 298^{\circ}K$

$$\mathcal{U}_{\text{He}} = \frac{2.6693 \times 10^{-5} \times 4 \times 298}{(2.576)^2 \times 0.7005} \times 60$$

= 0.0018956
= 0.0019 gm / cm /min.

- Calculation of Diffusivity -

$$\frac{P \cdot D_{A-B}}{(P_{C-A} \cdot P_{C-B})^{1/3} \cdot (T_{C-A} \cdot T_{C-B})^{5/12} \cdot \left[\frac{1}{M_A} + \frac{1}{M_B}\right]^{1/2}} = a \cdot \left[\frac{T}{\sqrt{T_{C-A} \cdot T_{C-B}}}\right]^{5/12}$$

	$\mathbf{r}^{\mathbf{C}}$	PC	M
	(K)	(atm.)	
He	5.26	2.26	4.0
co ₂	304.2	72.9	44.0
C ₃ H ₆	365.0	45.5	42.0

a = 2.745 * 10-4 , b = 1.823 (a) He - CO₂ system - $\begin{bmatrix} P_{C}-CO_{2} \cdot P_{C-He} \end{bmatrix}^{1/3} = 5.39$ $\begin{bmatrix} T_{C}-CO_{2} \cdot T_{C-He} \end{bmatrix}^{5/12} = 21.63$ $\sqrt{T_{C}-CO_{2} \cdot T_{C-He}} = 40.0$

$$\frac{\mathrm{T}}{\sqrt{\mathrm{T}\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CO}_{2}\cdot\mathrm{T}\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{He}}} = 7.45$$

@ P = 4.0186 atm. (60 psia) -

$$D_{CO_2-He} = \frac{5.39 \times 2.745 \times 10^{-4} \times 7.45^{1.823} \times 21.63 \times 0.5233}{4.0186}$$

or
$$D_{CO_2-He} = 0.1618 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec.}$$

 $= 9.708 \text{ cm}^2/\text{min.}$
@ P = 2.721 atm. (40 psia)
 $D_{CO_2-He} = 14.34 \text{ cm}^2/\text{min.}$
@ P = 1.36 atm. (20 psia)
 $D_{CO_2-He} = 29.14 \text{ cm}^2/\text{min.}$
Similarly for He - C₃H₆ system -
@ P = 4.0186 atm. (60 psia)
 $D_{C_3H6-He} = 7.485 \text{ cm}^2/\text{min.}$
@ P = 2.721 atm. (40 psia)
 $D_{C_3H6-He} = 11.228 \text{ cm}^2/\text{min.}$
@ P = 1.36 atm. (20 psia)

$$P = 1.30 \text{ atm} (20 \text{ psia})$$

 $D_{C_{3}H_{6}-H_{6}} = 22.456 \text{ cm}^{2}/\text{min}.$

Apart from viscosity and diffusivity other properties are calculated as below -

Density -

$$f_{\rm H} = \frac{P_{\rm H}}{RT}$$
, $f_{\rm L} = \frac{P_{\rm L}}{RT}$

Molecular weight -

He -
$$CO_2 = 4.4$$

He - $C_3H_6 = 4.4$

Other parameters such as D_p, ε , H are given in table \sim

APPENDIX II

Description of Apparatus -

The laboratory heatless continuous parametric pump, shown in fig. 5, consists of two 3.175 cm * 1.0 m metallic columns packed with 12-28 mesh PA-400,grade-408 silica gel. Feed is introduced alternatively to both columns. Feed rate is controlled by two electric actuated three way solenoid valves, E and F. At the top end of each column one pressure gauge is installed to measure the pressure in the column. A part of the gas coming out from the column under feed is purged to other column via a solenoid valve and pressure relief valve. Two check valves are used to check the direction of flow. Top product from the column under feed is withdrawn through a rotameter. Flow rate of top and bottom products is maintained by measuring flow of a soap bubble in a burette. Concentration of top and bottom product is measured by a Model 810, reserch chromatograph.

Description of operation -

Initially two columns are saturated at the same pressure (high-pressure) or one column at high pressure and other column at low pressure. This is checked by measuring the product concentration. When product concentration is same as that of feed, the columns are considered to be saturated . After saturating the column, flow rate of top product and bottom product are adjusted to the operating values. After this, cyclic operation is started by actuating electronic

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solenoid valves.

During the half cycle, at different intervals concentration of top or bottom product is analyzed. This concentration is measured as peak height which is represented as concentration by following relation :

$$\underline{y} = \frac{\text{Peak height for top or bottom product}}{\underline{y}_0}$$
 Peak height for feed

At the end of half cycle direction of feed is reversed by switch system. This procedure is repeated for each cycle. Peak height can be adjusted by changing attenuation of column. Peak height can also be changed to concentration using calibration curve and ideal gas law. For any sample peak height corresponding pressure can be obtained from calibration curve, this pressure can be changed to concentration units using ideal gas law -

$$\mathbf{c} = \frac{\mathbf{n}}{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{\mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{RT}} \nsim \mathbf{y}$$

APPENDIX- III - A

Computer programme for thermal parametric pump

	ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI CYCLE ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI CYCLE ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI CYCLE ANIL RASTOGI COCONTRATION ANIL RASTOGI CYCLE
	ANIL RASTOGI ****ANIL RASTOGI ****ANIL RASTOGI **** THIS PROGRAMME HAS BEEN MADE BY ANIL K. RASTOGI .NEW JERSEY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY SUBSCRIPT 1 -FUR HOT CYCLE - UPFLOW SUBSCRIPT 2 FOR COLD CYCLE DOWNFLOW X = SDLID CUNCENTRATION Y = LIQUID CUNCENTRATION N=NUMBER OF CYCLE
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	SUBSCRIPT 1 -FUR HOT CYCLE - UPFEOW SUBSCRIPT 2 FOR COLD CYCLE DOWNFLOW X = SOLID CUNCENTRATION Y = LIQUID CONCENTRATION N=NUMBER OF CYCLE
	SUBSCRIPT 2 FOR COLD CYCLE DOWNFLOW X = SULID CUNCENTRATION Y = LIQUID CONCENTRATION N=NUMBER OF CYCLE
(() () () () () () () () () () () () ()	X = SULID CUNCENTRATION Y = LIQUID CONCENTRATION N=NUMBER OF CYCLE
((((((Y = LIQUID CONCENTRATION N=NUMBER OF CYCLE
(((N=NUMBER OF CYCLE
(
C	NNZ = NUMBER OF INTERVALS
	NCASE = NUMBER OF CASES FO DIFFERNT VALUES OF PHI BOTTOM & PHI TOP
(NTER = NUMBER OF ITERATIONS
· (AM & BM = CONSTANTS FOR EQUILIBRIUM CDEFFICIENTS
. C	H = HEIGHT DF THE COLUMN
)	IIME = HALF CYCLE TIME
	YO = FEED CONCENTRATION
· (Q = RESERVOIR VOLUME
	VT & VB = DEAD VOLUME FOR TOP & BOTTOM RESPECTIVELY
Č	V01D = V0IDAGE DE THE PACKING
Č	AKI = AKZ = BK = CONSTANTS FOR MASS-TRANSFER (DEFEICIENTS)
(DENS = DENSITY OF THE PACKING
Ċ	FRR = ITERATION FRROR
č	A = CRUSS-SECTUNAL AREA OF THE COLUMN
	PHOT = PHI TOP
č	PHOB = PHI RDITOM
1	IND = NUMBER TO CHARACTERIZE THE DIRECTION OF FLOW UP OR DOWN
<u>.</u>	M = NUMBER DE ANY CYCLE - M(MAXIMUM) = N
· č	VI E VZ = FLUID VELOCITY THROUGH THE COLUMN
Ċ	$DT1 \in DT2 = 1NCREMENT FUR TIME$
	Y11 = COLUMN TOP CONCENTRATION FOR HOT CYCLE
, , <u>,</u>	YIP1 = TUP PRODUCT CONCENTRATION FOR UPFLOW
Ċ	YTP22 = CONCENTRATION OF TOP DEAD VOLUME
	YTP2 = TOP PRODUCT CONCENTRATION
, č	YIZ = INLET COLUMN CONCENTRATION
Ċ	$Y_{BP22} = CONCENTRATION OF BOILD DEAD VOLUME$
<u> </u>	YKP2 = BOTTOM PRHOUCT CONCENTRATION FOR DOWNFLOW
č	YEP1 = CRUMN INLET CONCENTRATION FOR HOT CYCLE-UPFLOW
· · ·	XT = INITIAL SULID CONCENTRATION AT THE COLUMN INLET
ā	XXX E YYS = ESTIMATED VALUES AT ANY POINT
ĩ	NTR = NUMBER OF ITERATIONS USED
Č	K = NIMBER DE INCREMENT TAKEN HORIZONTALLY
rr	$TT = TIME \Delta T \Delta NY INCREMENT, TT (MAXIMUM) = TIME$
r r	X = X = INITIAL SOLD S LIGHT COVENTRATION ALONG HEIGHT OF THE COL
	X = Y = X
	FIG ANY INCREMENT TAKEN HOPTZONTALLY
C. r	YY2 5 YY2 = INITIALSOLID 5 FLOUID CONCENTRATION AFONG THE HETCHT
r (ARE GIVE - INTIGACIOLIO E LINOTO CONCENTRATION ALONG THE REIGHT
	VITE DECEMBE FOR SUBAUTINE
	THIS TROOMANTE CALCOLALES CORCEVERATION PROFILE FOR THERMAL PARAMETRIC BIND HONG MONTEEN TEEDATIVE EILEDA METUON
<u> </u>	
	пати решерание
C	
1	UIMENSIUN PHUI(10), PHUB(10), X2(100), Y1P2(100), Y2(100), YBP2(100)
	1,XX2(100),YY2(100),XX(100),YY(100),XT(100),XX5(100),YY5(100)
	2,NIK(100)
2	KLAD 10, N, NNZ, NCASE, NITER
3 1	O FORMAT(4110)

where the state of			
	4		READ 16,AN,BM
	5	16	FURMAT(4E20.5)
	6		READ 35.H.TIME.YD.O.VT.VB.TEMP1.TEMP2.VOID.AK2.BK.AK1.DENS.ERR.A
Balance and the second s		14;	ΕΦΕΜΑΤ(ΕΕΙΟ Δ)
		2 ~	$\frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac$
	a		REAU 20, (Philip), Philip 1=1, NCASE1
		50	FURMAT(2F10-4)
	10		DU 600 I=1,NCASE
	11		$V1 = (1 - PHOB(I)) \approx Q/(A \neq VOID \neq TIME)$
	12		$V_2 = (1, + PH)B((1)) \Rightarrow O/(A \Rightarrow V) D \Rightarrow TIME)$
ben game a sparse			
	1.0		
	14		D12=H7(NN2*V2)
	15		N Z = NN Z + 1
	16		YT1=Y0
	17		DB = 30 J = 1.NZ
	18		$x_{2}(1) = x_{0}$
.	10	20	
	19	20	X2(J)-TU~(AM-DM~)EMP1)
	20		M=1
	21		JF(K-1)31,31,32
ž	22	31	Y T P 2 2 = Y 0
	23		60 TO 33
2	26	20	YTP22=YTP2(M-1)
ġ	<u> </u>	22	TT 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
ço	25	د د	TILT=((LUD)(T)+LUD0(T))*IO+(T*→LUD0(T))*I(T)/(T*+LUD(T))
5	26		1 N D = 2
50	27		YTP2(M)=(Q*YTP1+VT*YTP22)/(VT+Q)
	28		$YT2 = ((PHOT(I) + PHOB(I)) \approx YO + (1 - PHOT(I)) \approx YTP2(M))/(1 + PHOB(I))$
n or	29	• .	¥IN=YT2
3.	- /		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	CALL VYCAL (UNTO DENE AVA AVA DV AN DV TENDI TENDI VI NA IND DI
	30		CALL XICAL(VUID, DENS, AKI, AKZ, BK, AM, BM, IEMPI, IEMPZ, VI, VZ, IND, DII,
			1012,N11ER,X2,Y2,Y1N,11ME,N2,XX,YY,YB,XX2,YY2,M,EKK)
	31		YBP2(M)=YB
	32		IF(K-N)50,500,500
2	33	50	IF(M-1)51.51.52
	34	51	
÷		- / 1	
	35		
	36	52	4Bb55=4Bb1
	37	53	YBP1=(Q≠YBP2(M)+VB≠YBP22)/(Q+VB) ~
	38		N = M + 1
	39		YTN⇒YRP1
. i	40		
	<u>40</u>		
	41		
	42		$X \ge (L) = X \times (N \ge -LL)$
	43	60	Y2(L)=YY(NZ-LL)
.	44		1 N D = 1
÷		ſ	
1	45	•	CALL XYCAL/VATA DENS. AKT. AKZ. RK. AM. RN. TEMDT TEMDZ VI. VZ. IND. DTI
	42		LATE ALCALINED VE VERUTAN INALIANE FOR AND DATE DATE FURTHER AT INC INVERTIG
			1012, NIICK, X2, Y2, YIN, 11MC, N2, XX, YY, YII, XX2, YY2, M, EKK)
	46		DU /U L=1,NZ
	47		
.	48		$X_2(L) = X_X(N_2 - L_L)$
	49	70	$Y_{2}(1) = Y_{1}(N_{1} - 1)$
)	кn		60 TO 32
		E // A	
Anna Intel Contractor	51	500	$\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{N}} = \mathbf{J}_{\mathbf{U}} \cdot (\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{T}} + \mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{Z}} + \mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{T}} + \mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{T}} + \mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{T}} + \mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{T}})$
-	52	510	FURMAI(', 18X, 'M', 12X, 'YIP2', 16X, 'YBP2'//(10X, 110, 2E20.5))
		600	
Annon 1997 1997 17	53	000	
философия со	<u>53</u> 54	000	STOP
Annon a santa an anno an anno an anno	53 54 55	000	STUP END
	53 54 55	600	STUP END
	53 54 55	<u>c</u>	STUP END

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	56		SUBROUTINE XYCAL (VOID, DENS, AK1, AK2, BK, AM, BM, TEMP1, TEMP2, V1, V2, 1IND, DT1, DT2, NITER, X2, Y2, YIN, TIME, NZ, XX, YY, YYAV, XX2, YY2, M, ERR]
1		C \$\$\$	***************************************
		C	THIS SUBRUUTINE USES TRIAL AND ERROR METHOD FOR THE CALCULATION OF
		C	LIQUID AND SOLID PHASE CONCENTRATIONS
		<u>(</u> **:	***************************************
		C	
	57		DIMENSION X2(100), Y2(100), XX(100), YY(100), XT(100), YYS(100), XXS(100)
Chapter and the second s			1),XX2(100),YY2(100),NIR(100)
	58		SUM#U
	5 7	10	
	4.1	10	ΓΜ=ΛΜ_ΓΝΑΊΕΜΟΣ
	61 62		
	62		
	64		
	65	20	$CK = AK \downarrow \Rightarrow V \downarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow BK$
	66		CM = AN - BM ≑ TEMP 1
	67		DT=DT1
	68		T=TEMP1
	69	30	CNST=-(1V010) # DENS#CK / V01D
	70		XT(1)=X2(1)
	71		D0 22 L=1+NZ
	72		XX2(L)=X2(L)
	73	22	YY2(L)=Y2(L)
	74	•	K=1
	75	155	<u>CNK=K</u>
	76		TT=DT+CNK
	77		YY(1)=YIN
	78		$X [(K+1) = CM \Rightarrow Y Y (1) - (CM \Rightarrow Y IN - X [(1)) \Rightarrow EXP (-CK \Rightarrow I I/CM)$
	19		XX (1)=X ((K+1)
	80	c ·	
An	<u>81</u>	<u>د</u> ۵۲	
	82	0,5	
	83		YYS(1)=YY(1-1)+CNST #DT#(YY(1-1)-XX(1-1)/(M) ~~
	84		XYS(1) = XY2(1) + CK + D1 + (YY2(1) - YX2(1)) (CK)
	85	100	YY(1) = YY(1-1) + (DT/2.) * CNST * (YYS(1) - XXS(1)/(N+YY(1-1) - XX(1-1)/CM)
	86	200	$XX(I) = XX2(I) + (CK \div DT/2_) \Rightarrow (YYS(I) - XXS(I)/(M+YY2(I) - XX2(I)/CM)$
	87		DEVY = (YY(1) - YYS(1)) / YYS(1)
	88		1F(A&S(DEVY)-ERR)50,50,60
	89	50	DEVX = (XX(I) - XXS(I)) / XXS(I)
	90		1F(ABS(DEVX)-ERR170,70,60
	91	60	1F(ITER-NITER180,70,70
	92	80	YYS(1)=YY(1)
Barran and a second	93	1	XXS(1) = XX(1)
	94		1TER = ITER + 1
	95		GD TO 100
	96	70	NTR(I) = ITER
	97]F(1-NZ)&1,90,90
	98	81	
	99		GU TU 85
		C	
	~~ ~	90	SUM = SUM + YY(NZ)
1	00		
1	01		1F(TT-TIME)150,200,200
1	01	150	1F(TT-TIME)150,200,200 DD 151 L=1,NZ

105	K=K+1	•		
106	60 TU .	155	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
107	200 TOTK=K			
108	YYAV = SU	UM/TOTK		
109	PRINT	525	· · · ·	
110	525 FURMAT	(* - *)		
111	PRINT	95, M, IND, TT		
112	95 FURMAT	(*0*,18X,*M*,18X,*IN	10*,15X,*TT*/(2120,F20.3)))·
113	PRINT 9	9.8		
114	98 FURMAT	(*-*,18X,*1*,12X,*YY	(**20X**XX**23X**NTR*)	
115	.DO 97 1	$I = 1 \cdot NZ \cdot I$		
116	97 PRINT 9	96,1,YY(1),XX(1),NTR	(1)	
117	96 FORMAT	(I20,2E20.5,120)		
. 118	PRINT	210,YYAV		
119	210 FORMAT	(*-*,20X,*YYAV*/10X,	E20.5)	
120	RETURN			•
121	END			
•	<u> </u>			
		•		1
	·			
	\$ENTRY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	••••	an an Anna an A		
	M	IND.	II	
, 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	31=061	
•				
	*	****	N/ N1	••
11 	I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	N
Na ang kanagi di Pangang Padrida ng kang kang kang kang kang kang kang	<u> </u>	YY 0.10000E-03	XX 0.16384 E-03	<u> </u>
	I 1 2	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03	<u>N</u> 1 3
	I 1 2 3	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03	N 1 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03	N 1 3 3 3
2	I 1 2 3 4 5	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03 0.14457E-03	N 1 3 3 3 3 3
•	I 1 2 3 4 5 6	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86075E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03 0.14457E-03 0.14148E-03	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.81710E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03 0.14457E-03 0.14148E-03 0.13889E-03	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03 0.14457E-03 0.14148E-03 0.13889E-03 0.13674E-03	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77809E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03 0.14457E-03 0.14148E-03 0.13889E-03 0.13674E-03 0.13496E-03	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77609E-04 0.76234E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03 0.14457E-03 0.14148E-03 0.13889E-03 0.13674E-03 0.13496E-03 0.13348E-03	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.74879E-04	XX 0.16384E-03 0.15780E-03 0.15264E-03 0.14826E-03 0.14457E-03 0.14148E-03 0.13889E-03 0.13674E-03 0.13496E-03 0.13348E-03 0.13226E-03	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.73719E-04	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13125 E-03 \\ 0.13125 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.73719E-04 0.72731E-04	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13348 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13125 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77609E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.73719E-04 0.7273IE-04 0.71693E-04	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77609E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.72731E-04 0.71893E-04 0.71187E-04	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13125 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12920 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77609E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.7273IE-04 0.7273IE-04 0.7187E-04 0.70591E-04	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13125 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	$ \begin{bmatrix} I \\ 2 \\ $	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77609E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.72731E-04 0.72731E-04 0.7187E-04 0.70591E-04 0.70093E-04	$\begin{array}{c} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12837 E-03 \\ 0.12837 E-03 \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.81710E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77609E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.73719E-04 0.7273IE-04 0.7187E-04 0.70591E-04 0.70093E-04 0.69676E-04	$\begin{array}{c} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12837 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	YY 0.10000E-03 0.96375E-04 0.92913E-04 0.89685E-04 0.86734E-04 0.86734E-04 0.84075E-04 0.79627E-04 0.77609E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.76234E-04 0.7273IE-04 0.7273IE-04 0.7187E-04 0.7187E-04 0.7093E-04 0.69676E-04 0.69329E-04	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12837 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12783 E-03 \\ 0.12878 E-03 \\ 0.12783 E-03 \\ 0.12878 E-03 \\ 0.12783 E-03 \\ 0.12878 E-03 \\ 0.12783 E-03 \\ 0.12878 E-03 \\ 0.12783 E-03 \\ 0.12878 E-03 \\ 0.12878 E-03 \\ 0.12783 E-03 \\ 0.12878 E-03 \\ 0.1288 $	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	$\begin{array}{c} & \mbox{YY} \\ \hline 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ \hline 0.92913 E-04 \\ \hline 0.89685 E-04 \\ \hline 0.86734 E-04 \\ \hline 0.86734 E-04 \\ \hline 0.86734 E-04 \\ \hline 0.81710 E-04 \\ \hline 0.79627 E-04 \\ \hline 0.77609 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.763719 E-04 \\ \hline 0.7273 1 E-04 \\ \hline 0.71893 E-04 \\ \hline 0.71187 E-04 \\ \hline 0.7093 E-04 \\ \hline 0.7093 E-04 \\ \hline 0.69676 E-04 \\ \hline 0.69041 E-04 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.1287 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12783 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	$\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{YY} \\ 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ 0.92913 E-04 \\ 0.89685 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.81710 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.763719 E-04 \\ 0.73719 E-04 \\ 0.71893 E-04 \\ 0.71187 E-04 \\ 0.7093 E-04 \\ 0.7093 E-04 \\ 0.69676 E-04 \\ 0.69041 E-04 \\ 0.68803 E-04 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.1275 $	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	$\begin{array}{c} & \mbox{YY} \\ 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ 0.92913 E-04 \\ 0.89685 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.81710 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.763719 E-04 \\ 0.73719 E-04 \\ 0.71893 E-04 \\ 0.71187 E-04 \\ 0.7093 E-04 \\ 0.7093 E-04 \\ 0.69676 E-04 \\ 0.69041 E-04 \\ 0.68606 E-04 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.1326 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.12734 E-$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	$\begin{array}{c} & \mbox{YY} \\ \hline 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ \hline 0.92913 E-04 \\ \hline 0.89685 E-04 \\ \hline 0.86734 E-04 \\ \hline 0.86734 E-04 \\ \hline 0.86734 E-04 \\ \hline 0.81710 E-04 \\ \hline 0.79627 E-04 \\ \hline 0.79627 E-04 \\ \hline 0.77609 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.76234 E-04 \\ \hline 0.763719 E-04 \\ \hline 0.72731 E-04 \\ \hline 0.71893 E-04 \\ \hline 0.71187 E-04 \\ \hline 0.7093 E-04 \\ \hline 0.69676 E-04 \\ \hline 0.69041 E-04 \\ \hline 0.68606 E-04 \\ \hline 0.68443 E-04 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14148 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.1326 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.12734 E-03 \\ 0.12723 E-03 \\ 0.12723 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	$\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{YY} \\ 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ 0.92913 E-04 \\ 0.89685 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.81710 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.773719 E-04 \\ 0.7638 E-04 \\ 0.71893 E-04 \\ 0.71187 E-04 \\ 0.7093 E-04 \\ 0.7093 E-04 \\ 0.69676 E-04 \\ 0.6803 E-04 \\ 0.68606 E-04 \\ 0.68309 E-04 \\ 0.68309 E-04 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.12734 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1275 E-03 \\ 0.1275$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	$\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{YY} \\ 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ 0.92913 E-04 \\ 0.89685 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.81710 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.773719 E-04 \\ 0.73719 E-04 \\ 0.73719 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70093 E-04 \\ 0.70093 E-04 \\ 0.69676 E-04 \\ 0.6803 E-04 \\ 0.6803 E-04 \\ 0.68309 E-04 \\ 0.68199 E-04 \\ 0.68199 E-04 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.12734 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1275 E-03 \\ 0.12708 E-03 \\ 0.12$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	$ \begin{bmatrix} I \\ 2 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{YY} \\ 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ 0.92913 E-04 \\ 0.89685 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.81710 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.77809 E-04 \\ 0.763719 E-04 \\ 0.73719 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70093 E-04 \\ 0.69676 E-04 \\ 0.669041 E-04 \\ 0.68803 E-04 \\ 0.68309 E-04 \\ 0.68199 E-04 \\ 0.68109 E-04 \\ 0.68109 E-04 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12837 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.12708 E-03 \\ 0.12702 E-03 \\$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	$ \begin{bmatrix} I \\ 2 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{YY} \\ 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ 0.92913 E-04 \\ 0.89685 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.81710 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.77809 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70093 E-04 \\ 0.69676 E-04 \\ 0.669041 E-04 \\ 0.6803 E-04 \\ 0.68109 E-04 \\ 0.68035 E-04 \\ 0.68035 E-04 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.1326 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12837 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1276 E-03 \\ 0.12708 E-03 \\ 0.12708 E-03 \\ 0.12702 E-03 \\ 0.12702 E-03 \\ 0.12702 E-03 \\ 0.12698 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	$ \begin{bmatrix} I \\ 2 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{YY} \\ 0.10000 E-03 \\ 0.96375 E-04 \\ 0.92913 E-04 \\ 0.89685 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.86734 E-04 \\ 0.81710 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.79627 E-04 \\ 0.77609 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.76234 E-04 \\ 0.773719 E-04 \\ 0.7638 E-04 \\ 0.71878 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70591 E-04 \\ 0.70093 E-04 \\ 0.70093 E-04 \\ 0.69676 E-04 \\ 0.66803 E-04 \\ 0.68309 E-04 \\ 0.68109 E-04 \\ 0.68035 E-04 \\ 0.6803$	$\begin{array}{r} XX \\ 0.16384 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15780 E-03 \\ 0.15264 E-03 \\ 0.14826 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.14457 E-03 \\ 0.13889 E-03 \\ 0.13674 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13496 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13226 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.13043 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12975 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12874 E-03 \\ 0.12807 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12763 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.12747 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1273 E-03 \\ 0.1276 E-03 \\ 0.12708 E-03 \\ 0.12702 E-03 \\ 0.12698 E-03 \\ 0.12694 E-03 \\ \end{array}$	N 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

APPENDIX - III - B

Computer programme for heatless parametric pump

	\$	JOB RASTOGI
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	Č	φέραντι βάστασι το
	······································	THIE RAJING ANNE IS HAD BY AND A DITORY AND
	L	THIS PROGRAMME IS MADE BY ANIL K. RASIUGI , NEW JERSET INSTITUTE UP
	C	TECHNULUGY
	C	THIS PROGRAMME IS FOR THE CALCULATION OF CONCENTRATION_PROFILE
	, C	FUR THE HEATLESS PARAMETRIC PUMPING . USING RUNGE KUTTA METHOD
	e i c	NOMENCLATURE FOR THE PROGRAMME
•	, c	SUBSCRIPT 1-EDR HIGH DRESSIRE COLUMN
	<u> </u>	
	Ĺ	SUBSCRIPT 2 - FUR LUW PRESSURE CULUMN
	Ĺ	N - NUMBER UF CYCLES
•	C	_NNZ - NUMBER OF HEIGHT INTERVALS
•	C	NCASE - NUMBER OF CASES FOR DIFFERENT PURGE RATIO
x .	· · · · · ·	H - HEIGHT DE COLUMN
•		TEMD = GDEPA TINC OF COLUMN
	<u> </u>	TIME MADE OVER TAKE
	· L	TIME - HALF CICLE TIME
	Ĺ	VUID - VUIDAGE OF THE BED
	C	A - CROSS SECTIONAL AREA OF THE COLUMN
*	C	Q - VOLUMETRIC FLUW RATE TO THE COLUMN
. <u>-</u>	с – С	YU - INITIAL CONCENTRATION OF THE FEED
5 20	, c	PH- HTGH PRESSURF - PL + INW PRESSURF
fon •	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
г о		PUNCTI - FUNCE RATIO
5	Ĺ	M - CYCLE NUMBER AT ANY TIME
763	C	R - GAS CUNSTANT
'n	C	DENS - DENSITY OF SOLID
្នុ	C C	AK - EQUILIBRIUM CUNSTANT
35	c c	DP - PACKING PARTICLE DIAMETER
, ,		VISC = VISCUSTIY OF GAS (HELLUM)
	c c	DIFEL DIEEL _ DIELHCIVITY AT UICH DEECCHEE AND FOU DEECCHEE
•		A DIA DETA CONSTRUCT ON CALCULATION OF MACE TANGED ACCEPTOTATE
	<u> </u>	ALPHA , BETA - CUNSTANTS FUR CALCULATION OF MASS-TRANSFER CUEFFICIENTS
	C	AMAV — AVERAGE MULECULAR WEIGHT OF THE GAS
	C C	DH 🔒 DL — DENSITY UF GAS AT HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE RESPECTIVELY
	C	VOI , VU2 - VELOCITY FÓR HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE COLUMNS
•	C	DZ1 - DZ2 -TNCREMENTS IN Z FOR HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE COLUMNS
	č	DT - LINEAR INCREMENT IN HEIGHT
	c c	$\mathbf{v} = (\mathbf{A} \in \mathbf{C} \cup \mathbf{A} \in \mathbf{C} \cup \mathbf{C} \cup \mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{C} \cup$
· •		1 - GAS FIRSE CONCERTRATION 7 R - SULTO FIRSE CONCENTRATION
	Ĺ	YY , WW - GAS AND SULID PHASE CONCENTARATION OBTAINED AT THE END
	C	OF HALF CYCLE
	· C	YYT - COLUMN INLET CONCENTRATION
~	C	YP - PRODUCT CONCENTRATION
	C	CKG - MASS TRANSFER CREEFICIENT
	ē	
-	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	NAIN DOGEDANNE.
	C C	
	L	***************************************
	1	/ DIMENSIUN YMH(50), YML(50)
	2	DIMENSION PURG(10),W1(800),Y1(800),W2(800),Y2(800),YIN(800),WIN(80
		10)
	3	DIMENSION YIT(800), YYT(800)
-	4	DINENSION YP1 (46) - YP2 (40) - YTPR (40) - YRPR (40)
	2	
-	6	READ 1, N, NNZ, NCASE
	7	READ 2, R, TEMP
	- 8	READ 3, H, TIME, VOID, A, ERR, YO, DENS -
	. 9	READ 4.0.PH.PL
	10	$RFAD 6 \cdot (PURG(1) \cdot 1 = 1 \cdot NCASF)$
	*V 11	
	17	NURV ZYAN DEAD Y DD VYCC ALDUA BETA ABAU
	• 16	KEAU / JUT Y VISC ALPRA DE LA AMAV
	13 7	FUKMA1(8F10-5)

97 <u>L</u>L () 2000

	14	5	FURMAT(F20.10)
;	15	2	FORMAT(3F10.4)
	16	1	FURMAT (5110)
	17	3	FURMAT(8F10-4)
	18	2020	FORMAT(*1*)
	19	11	FORMAT(///)
	20		PRINT 2020
	21	6	
	22	ŭ	$ = \operatorname{Enc} A + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + (2 + 1) + $
	22		
	24	2020	ERANG JUJU
	24	2020	DURTHILIZAT NETONT THE TOAT TH
.	20		PNJNI JJN, NNZ, NCASE
	20		
	21	1010	
	28	4040	FURMATE 3X, K, 5X, TEMP 7/1
	29		PRINT Z,R, IEMP
	30		PRINT 11
	31		PRINT 5050
	32	5050	FORMAT(5X,'H',7X,'TIME',7X,'VOID',9X,'A',8X,'ERR',8X,'YO',6X,
5			1*DENS*//)
6	33		PRINT 3, H, TIME, VOID, A & ERR, YO, DENS
	34		PRINT 11
	35		PRINT 6060, AK
	36	6060	FURNAT(*-*,10X,*AK = *,F20.10)
	37		PRINT 11
	38	•	PRINT 7070
	. 39	7070	FORMAT (5X, "Q", 8X, "PH", 9X, "PL"//)
÷	40		PRINT 4.Q.PH.PL
	41		PRINT 11
	42		PRINT 6080
	43	8080	EDRMAT(2X, PURGE RATID(//)
· ·	44	0000	P_{0} INT f_{0} (P_{1} (P_{1}) f_{0} (F_{1}) F_{0} (
·	44		
de againt the second second	4.5		
	40		
	41	1001	
	• 40	0091	PORMA(1 +13A, UN -, 13A, UL -)
	49		PRINT 8085,DH,DL
· .	50	8085	FURMAI(
	51		PRINT 9002
	52	9002	EURMAT('-',4X,'DP',7X,'VISC',7X,'DIEF',7X,'ALPHA',7X,'BETA',7X,'AM
			1 AV • ///)
A	53		PRINT 7, DP, VISC, DIFF, ALPHA, BETA, AMAV
	54		YMH(1)=YO
	55		DU 60011=1,NCASE
	56		DT=H/NNZ
	57		$V01 = Q/(A \neq V010)$
	58		$VO2=Q \Rightarrow PURG(11)/(A \Rightarrow VO1D)$
	59		$D21=H/(NNZ \Rightarrow VO1)$
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	60		$DZ2 = H/(NN2 \neq VO2)$
	61		NNT1=TIMF/D71
	62		PRINT 8086
da	<u> </u>	8084	FORMAT(1-4.15%, 10711, 15%, 10724, 10%, INNITE 15% IVO11, 15% BV0281
	- 60 - 60	0000	ΤΟΝΡΗΤΑ - ΙΣΟΛΙΤΟΣΣΤΙΣΛΟΙΟΚΑΤΙΣΟΛΙΤΝΝΙΑΤΙΣΟΛΙΤΕΝΑ - DDINT ΚΟΟΛ ΝΤΙ ΝΤΟ ΑΝΤΙ ΝΑΙ ΜΠΟ
	04	6000	ドバトはは - ロリンタレビスタリビス - シャンク マンク モン
		0040	$\Gamma U N \Gamma A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I$
	66		
	67		GPL=Q#DL#PUKG(II)
detarte a serietadative et	- 66		DIFFH=1-458
	69		D1FFL=22.476

	70	CKGH=CMASC(DP,VISC,DH,GPH,ALPHA,BETA,VOID,AMAV,H,A,DIFFH)
	. 71	CKGL=CMASC(DP,VISC,DL,GPL,ALPHA,BETA,VDID,AMAV,H,A,DIFFL)	1
• * • ••••••	12	PRINT 9001, GPH, GPL, CKGH, CKGL	
	15	16(=).512.5///)	·2*10X**
	74	NT1=NT1+2	
	75	NNT2=TIME/DZ2	
ł	76	NT2=NNT2+2	
,	77	NZ=NNZ+1	
	78		
	/9 80	$\frac{1}{1}$	
	61	$7 \times (1) = DT \Rightarrow \Lambda \Lambda$	
	82	$Y_1(J) = Y_1$	
<i>.</i>	83	$N1(J) = AK \Rightarrow PH \Rightarrow Y1(J) / (R \Rightarrow TEMP)$	
<u> </u>	84	YY(J)=Y0	
	85	WW(J) = WI(J)	
	86	Y2(J)=Y0	
We	87	$W_2(J) = AK \neq PH \neq Y_2(J) / (K \neq [EMP])$	
in n	00	NN=NT1	
ġ	90	DB 70 J=1.NT1	Wigdebieterica, &
0	91	10 YYT (J) = YD	
	92	GU TU 71	
	93	IND=1	
e B	94	CALL CNEW (PH, PL, NNZ, H, IND, YU, Y2, YN, NZ, ZX)	
·	<u> </u>		
	97	$Y_{1N}(K) = Y_{N}(N7 - KK)$	
	98	VO WIN(K) = W2(NZ - KK)	
2	99	DO 34 J=1,NT1	
	100	$4 \text{YTT} (J) = Y \Box$	
Barbardhan Strangerstermine	101	CALL XYCAL(VOID, TIME, DENS, PH, DH, YIN, WIN, VOI, DZI, YTT, M, IN	D,NTT,Y
	102	INWYYYAVIYYYY YNZYRYIEMPYCROHYARYHYYENDI VMU (MI-VEND	
	102		
	104	NN=NTT+1	
	105	1 CALL TOPCAL (NN, NT2, DZ1, DZ2, YYT, YTT)	
•	106	I ND = 2	
	107	D0 99J=1,NZ	
	108	J J = J - I	
	110	7 ILIJITIINLTJJ (ALI CNEW (DH. DL. MN7.H. IMD. VO. V2. VNF. N7. 7 V I	
	111	DI 97 K=1.NZ	
	112	KK=K-1	
dana ar antar existens anno	113	Y1N(K)=YN(K)	
	114	7 $WIN(K) = WI(NZ - KK)$	
	115	D() 66L=1,NZ	1
	110	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Y} \\ $	
	111	CALL XYCAL (VOID_TIME_DENS_DI_DI_YIN_WIN_VO2_D72.VIT . M. IN	D.NTT.Y
S		1W2, YYAV2, YYT ,NZ,R, TEMP. CKGL, AK.H. YEND)	w y + 1 + 7 3 3 1
	119	YML(M)=YEND	
	120	YP2(M)=YYAV2	
gan a surfactor anamor	121	JF (M.EQ.N)GU TU 104	
	122	M=M+1	
dana ana kaominina madara	. 123	60 TU 8	

ga india ya mataisian	1 25	333 EDRMAT(15-10X-2(E20-5-10X)-2E20-51
	126	104 PRINT 105
	127	105 FURMAT('- ', 3X, 'N', 21X, ' <ytp> ", 24X, '<ybp> *, 24X, 'YPT/YO', 14X, 'YBP/YO</ybp></ytp>
	1 20	1*//) DD 101 1-7 N
	120	VTDR/ I)=VD1/ I)/VD
	127	YRPR(1)=V02(1)/YG
	131	$101 \qquad \text{PRINT} 333.J.YP1(J).YP2(J).YTPR(J).YBPR(J)$
	132	PRINT 446
	133	446 FURMAT('1', 15X, 'MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION AT THE END DF
		1HALF CYCLE!///)
	134	PRINT 447
	135	447 FORMAT(1-1, 12X, 1 YMIN 1, 16X, 1 YMAX 1//)
	136	445 FORMAT(2E20.5)
/	137	$\frac{\text{DO }444 \text{ JJ=1,N}}{\text{DO }1000000000000000000000000000000000000$
	130	444 PKINI 440 pTMH(JJ) pTML(JJ) STOD
	129	
	140	
	141	FUNCTION CMASC(DP,VISC, DS, Q, ALPHA, BETA, VOID, AMAV, H, A, DIFF)
		C ************************************
		C THIS SUBFUNCTION CALCULATES MASS TRANSFER CREFFICIENT
	142	$BF=(V I S C / (D S \neq D I F F \neq A M A V) I \neq \Rightarrow (2 \cdot / 3 \cdot I)$
	145	AJD=ALPHA=(\U=UP=AKAV/(V15\=(L.==VU10]=A=VU10]]==(BE A]]
	144	
•	145	FND
	A-1-0	
		C
		<u>C</u>
	* / "7	
	147	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ)
	147	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C 000000000000000000000000000000000000
	147	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C COCCONSISTENCE CONCENTRATION C RUNGE - KUTTA METHOD FOR THE CALCULATION OF SOLID PHASE CONCENTRATION C SPLID PHASE FOULD TOPLUM CONCENTRATION HAS BEEN TAKEN CONSTANT
	147	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	148	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
- -	148 149	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C COCCORDENCESSON CONSTRUCTION OF SOLID PHASE CONCENTRATION C SULID PHASE EQUILIORIUM CUNCENTRATION HAS BEEN TAKEN CONSTANT C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	148 148 149 150	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C COCCORDENCESSON CONSTRUCTION OF SOLID PHASE CONCENTRATION C SULID PHASE EQUILIORIUM CUNCENTRATION HAS BEEN TAKEN CONSTANT C COCCORDENCESSON CONSTRUCTION CONCENTRATION CONSTANT C C CONSTRUCTION CONCENTRATION CONSTRUCTION CONSTRUCTION AKI=CKG¢(WINE-WI) DZ W=KI+AKI/2. AK2=CKG¢(WINE-WI) DZ
	148 148 149 150 151	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
	148 148 149 150 151 152	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C 000000000000000000000000000000000000
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C ************************************
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C ************************************
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155	C FUNCTION RK (WINE, WI, CKG, DZ) C ####################################
	148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C ************************************
	148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C ************************************
	148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 155 156	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C ************************************
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C ************************************
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C CONCENTRATION OF SOLID PHASE CONCENTRATION C SULID PHASE EQUILIORIUM CUNCENTRATION HAS BEEN TAKEN CONSTANT C CONCENTRATION HAS BEEN TAKEN CONSTANT C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158	C FUNCTION RK(N1NE, W1, CKG, DZ) C @####################################
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C @####################################
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 155 156 157 158	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C 000000000000000000000000000000000000
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158	C FUNCTION RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) C RUNGE - KUTTA METHOD FOR THE CALCULATION OF SOLID PHASE CONCENTRATION C SULID PHASE EQUILIDRIUM CUNCENTRATION HAS BEEN TAKEN CONSTANT C ************************************
	148 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159	C FUNCTION RK (WINE, WI, CKG, DZ) C @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

162 163 164	÷ .	NZ=NNZ+1 DU 40 1=2*NP	
163		DU 40 I=2 NP	
104		$T \Gamma J J = 1 $ A ANTAL A TALE A CALCE TO 20 STATES STATES STATES AND A STATES AND	
1 / 5			
105			
100	20		
107	29		
108	40		
109		$A = 10 \cdot \sqrt{-10} \cdot j$	
170	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	$1 \times 11 - 1 \times 11$ $1 \times 12 - 1 \times 12$ $1 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12$ $1 \times 12 \times $	
171			
172		עט גא ארכזאר זיב (ערו) וד אונת דם זם	
175			
175	10		
176	10	$\begin{bmatrix} F(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)(F)$	
177	10	$\frac{1}{10}$	
170	20		
170	26		
1 40	2.2		
100	20	$\frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac$	
183	27		
192	- 26		
186	24		
185			
	<u> </u>		
	Υ.		
186	و بلا و سرب و التاريخ و ال و معلوم و	SUBROUTINE TUPCAL (NN.NT2.DZ1.DZ2.YYT.YYT2)	
•	C \$\$\$	***************************************	
	С	THIS SUBROUTINE IS FOR LINEAR INTERPOLATION OF TOP PRODUCT OR INLET	
	- C	CUNCENTRATION FOR SECOND CULUMN	
	(\$¢¢	**************************************	
187		DIMENSION YYT (800), YYT 2 (800)	
188		YYT2(1)=YYT(1)	
189		DU 40 J=2,NT2	
190	-	CNK =J-1	
191		TT2=CNK*D22	
192		M=1	
193	20	CN=M	
194		$TT1 = CN \approx DZ1$	
195		IF(TT2-TT1)50,55,60	
196	6Q	1F ((M+1).EQ.NN)GO TO 55	
197		N = M + 1	
198		613 TO 20	
199	55	YYI2(J)=YYI(M+1)	
200		GU TU 40	
201	50	YYT2(J)=YYT(M) +(YYT(M+1)-YYT(M))*DZ2/D21	
202	40	CUNTINUE	
203		RETURN	
204		END	
205		FUNCTION RK1(WE,WA,CNST,DZ,CNST1,YI)	
	(¢¢¢	······································	
	C	RUNGE - KUTTA METHUD FOR THE CALCULATION OF GAS PHASE CUNCENTRATION	
	C	SOLID PHASE CONCENTRATION HAS BEEN TAKEN CONSTANT	
206		$AKK1 = (NST \Rightarrow (WE - WA) \Rightarrow DZ$	
	the state of the second s		
207		Y=Y]+AKK1/2.	
	166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204	166 167 29 168 40 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 10 176 15 177 18 178 22 179 25 180 26 181 22 179 25 180 26 181 22 179 25 180 26 181 22 182 27 183 24 182 27 183 24 185 C C C 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 20 197 198 199 55 200 203 204 205 C C	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	208		W E = Y ≑ C N ST 1
-----------------------------------------	----------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------
.	209		AKK2 = CN ST * (NE-NA) * D Z
· · · ·	210	1.1	Y=YI+AKK2/2.
6.0446.00000000000000000000000000000000	211		$WE = Y \approx CN ST 1$
	212		AKK3=CNST≑(WE+WA)⇔DZ
	213		Υ=ΥΙ+ΔΚΚ3
	214		WE=Y*CNST1
• ·	215		$\Delta KK4 = CNST \neq (WF - WA) \neq D7$
	216		$DY = (\Delta KK 1 + 2, \pm \Delta KK 2 + 2, \pm \Delta KK 3 + \Delta KK 4)/6$
*********	217		
	218		RETIRN
	219		
	••• • /	<u> </u>	
	220		SUBROUTINE XYCAL (VOID_TIME_DENS_PS_DE_YY2_WW2_V0_D7_YTT_M_IND_K_YY
	LLV		1. WU VET. ATCH CKCKK H VAVI
		6 661	
		<u> </u>	THIS SUDDONTING CALCHRATES CONCENTRATION DECEME
		C 244	
	2.2.1	U ++-	NIMENSION VIT/0001 VET/0001
	222		
	222		
	623		
	224		CNSI=-(IVOIDI@DENS@CRG/(VDID#DF)
	225		NNZ = NZ - I
	226		SOM = YYZ(NZ)
	221		YBI(1)=YYZ(NZ)
	2.2.8		K=1
	229	155	CNK =K
	230		WI=WW2(1)
	231		TT=DZ*CNK
	232	11	YY(1)=YTT(K+1)
	233		YIN=YTT(K+1)
	234		WINE=AK #PS#YIN/(R#TEMP)
	235		WW(1)=RK(WINE,WI,CKG,DZ) · · ·
	236		WWIE=AK*PS*YY2(I)/(R*TEMP)
	237] = 2
	238	85	WW2E≠AK⇔PS⇔YY2(I)/(R⇔TEMP)
	239		YY(1)=RK1(WW1E,WW2(I-1),CNST,DZ,CNST1,YY2(I-1))
	240		WW(1) = RK(WNZE, WWZ(1), CKG, DZ)
	.241		IF(I-NZ)81,90,90
	242	81	1=1+1
	243		NN1E=NWSE
	244		GU TU 85
	245	90	SUM = SUM + YY(NZ)
	246		Y 8 T (K + 1) = Y Y (N 7)
	267		IE (II-IIME) 150-200-200
	268	150	DD = 151 + 1 - N7
	240	170	
	250	151	
	200	1 7 1	
1	221	1944 - 1945 - 1946 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947	
	252	200	
	253	200	
	224		11AV = 50A/101K
	255		
	256		IF(IND+E0+2)60 TU 1
	, 257		PRINI 995,M
	258	995	FORMAT(!!.10X.! END VALUES OF HIGH PRESSURE (DIUMN WHEN M#!.12//)

	259		GU TO 2
	260	1	PRINT 996,M
	261	996	FURMAT(, 10X, ' END VALUES OF LOW PRESSURE COLUMN WHEN M= , 12///
	262	2	PRINT 998
	263	998 ·	FORMAT(+- +, + END VALUES +, 7X, + I +, 8X, + WW(I) +, 15X, + YY(I) +)
	2.64	999	FORMAT('-',10X,110,3E20.8)
	2.65		DB 153 L=1,NZ,20
·	266	153	PRINT 999,L ,WW(L),YY(L)
	267		M C = M
	268	, e (g 13) 30 (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14)	PRINT 800, MC, YYAV, YYAV1
	269	800	FORMAT('-',20X,'M=',12,10X,'YYAV=',E12.5,5X,"YYAV1=',E12.5)
	270		RETURN
	271		END

-54**-**

APPENDIX - IX

Figures

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Concentration Front



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- - B UL U



Figure 15

Calibration for He-CO2 system







Figure 18

















APPENDIX - X

۰.

Tables

			. Table no	. 1			
MATHEMA	TICAL RESUL	T - THERMAL	PARAMETRIC	PUMPING - S	YSTEM : NaCl	- H ₂ 0	
Run No.	с _о (м)	$\frac{71}{\omega}$ (min.)	$Q(\frac{\pi}{\omega})$ (cc.)	\mathscr{A}_{B}	$\phi_{\rm B}$ + $\phi_{\rm T}$	$C_1 = V_T / Q$	$C_2 = V_B/Q$
l	0.1	35	25	0.04	0.4	5/25	5/25
2	0.1	35	25	0.16	0.4	5/25	5/25
3	0.1	25	25	0.04	0.4	5/25	5/25
4	0.1	60	25	0.04	0.4	5/25	5/25
5	0.1	100	25	0.04	0.4	5/25	5/25
6	0.1	35	35	0.04	0.4	5/35	5/35
7	0.1	100	25	0.16	0.4	5/25	5/25
8	0.1	35	25	0.01	0.4	5/25	5/25
9	0.1	60	25	0.01	0.4	5/25	5/25
10	0.1	60	25	0.16	0.4	5/25	5/25
11	0.1	100	25	0.01	0.4	5/25	5/25
12	0.05	35	25	0.04	0.4	5/25	5/25
13	0.5	35	25	0.04	0.4	5/25	5/25

Table No.2

			HAPHRI	MENTAL RES	OLTS - HEAT	JESS PARAM	ETRIC PUL	Mr .	<i>.</i>	
		Initial (Ps	Pressure ia)	Operaring (Ps	g Pressure sia)	π	0	• •		
Run No.	ЧO	Pl	^P 2	Pl	^P 2	$\overline{\omega}$ (min.)	$\left(\frac{cc}{\min}\right)$	Y	figure No.	System
l	1% CO ₂	-		-			ana 425		16	He - CO ₂
2	1%C0 ₂	60	20	60	20	15	10	2.2	19	He - CO_2
3	1% C0 ₂		C 3	a cti	et a t		500 - 400	404 year	l	He - CO_2
4	1 % CO ₂	60	20	60	20	15	10	2.2		(calibration) He - CO ₂
5	1 % °3 ^{II} 6	4 .07	80	۵۵	-		-	1 000	,	He - C3H6
6	1%° ₃ H ₆	60	20	60	20	15	10	2.2	($\frac{\text{calibration}}{\text{He} - C_3^{\text{H}_6}}$
7	1% C3 ^H 6	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2		нө – с ₃ н ₆
8	1 % C ₃ H6	60	60	60	20	15	10	1.5		He - C3H6
9	1 % C ₃ H6	60	60	60	20	15	10	1.5		He - ^C 3 ^H 6
10	1 % ^C 3 ^H 6	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2		He - C ₃ H ₆
11	1 % C 3H6 1 % CO2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		$He - CO_2 - C_3^{H_6}$
12	1 % C3H6	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	(calibration) He = CO ₂ -
13	1 % CO2 1 % CO2H6	60	60	60	20	15	10	2,2		^C 3 ^H 6 He - CO ₂ -

HEATTESS DARAMETRA DIMP PUTTIPES TARMANTERS

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14.7

14.7

1.5

1.0

 $C_{3}^{H_{6}}$ H $_{0}^{H_{6}}$ - C_{2}^{-} $C_{3}^{H_{6}}$ H $_{0}^{-}$ - C_{2}^{-} $C_{3}^{H_{6}}$

MATHEMATICAL RESULTS - HEATLESS PARAMETRIC PUMP

.

Run		Initial	Pressure	Operatin	g Pressure	$\frac{TT}{T}$	Q			NNZ	System
No.	YO	P1	P ₂	P ₁	P 2	(min.)	$(\frac{cc}{min})$	Ŷ	× ,		
1	1 % C ₃ H6	60	60	60	20	15	10	1.5	1.25	600	не – с ₃ н ₆
2	1%C ₃ H ₆	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	1.25	600	He - C ₃ H ₆
3	1% C ₃ H ₆	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	0.25	100	He - C ₃ H ₆
4	1%C ₃ H ₆	60	60	60	20	1 5	10	2.2	0.25	150	He - C ₃ H
5	1%C3H6	40	40	40	20	8	14.7	1.0	1.25	600	He - C_{3}^{H}
6	1% CO ₂	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	1.00	100	He - CO ₂
7	1 % CO ₂	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	1.00	150	He - CO ₂
8	1%C02	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	1.00	250	He - CO ₂
9	1 % CO ₂	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	1.00	300	He - CO ₂
10	1 % CO2	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	1.50	250	He - CO ₂
11	1%002	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	2.20	330	He - CO
12	1 % CO ₂	60	60	60	20	15	10	2.2	4.00	600-	He - CO ₂
13	1 % 00,	40	40	40	20	8	14.7	1.0	4.00	600	^{He} - ^{CO} 2

Run No.- 1

.

System-He-CO2

Oven temp.:0°CCell current:185 mA.Pressure of carrier gas = 30 psigDetector temp.:0°CCarrier gas:HeliumAttenuation = 8

Pressure absolute psia	Peak height
19.7	3.08
24.7	3.70
34.7	5.20
39.7	5.95
44.7	6.63

Run No.- 3System-He- CO_2 Oven temp.:110°CCell current:185 mA.Pressure of carrier gas = 30 psigCarrier gas: HeliumDetector temp.: 37°CCarrier gas: HeliumAttenuation = 32 for CO_2 Carrier gas: Helium

Pressure absolute	Peak height
psia	
114.7	2.9
19.7	3 •55
24.7	4.15
29.7	4.65
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

Run No.- 2

Oven temp.: 0°CCell current: 185 mA.Detector temp: 0°CCarrier gas : HeliumFeed concn.: 1 % CO2Pressure of Carrier gas: 30 psigHalf cycle time: 15.0 mints. Purge ratio: 2.2Initial saturation pressure for:-Column 1= 60. psiaColumn 2= 20.0 psiaVolumetric flow rate of:-Feed @ 60.0 psia= 10.0cc/min.Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0 = 5.0 @ 8 Attenuation for CO_2

End of half cycle no.	Attn.	Peak heigh Top Product	t Bottom Product	h/h ₀
0	8	5.0	5.0],00
·]	8	2,05	200 200 Tab	0,111
2	l	6.30		0.1575
3.	1	3.10	1000 err 2.0	0.0775
4	1	1.30	600 cm #**	0.0325
5	1	0.70	and any sug	0.0175
6	-	200 par 410 (12		1000 AND 1000 MAR 40.00 (100)
7	16	5073 wa wa 508	6.5	2.6000
8	16	and the and the	2,8	1.1200
9	16	1000 T T IN 8.500	6.4	2,6000
1.0	16	දිටයි මාජ සංක කොම	2,8	1.1200

Run No.- 4

System-He-CO2

Oven temp::110°CCell current: 185 mA.Detector temp:37°CCarrier gas : HeliumFeed concn.:1 % CO2Pressure of Carrier gas: 30 psigHalf cycle time: 15.0 mints. Purge ratio:2.2Initial saturation pressure for:-Column 1= 60.0psiaColumn 2= 20.0 psiaVolumetric flow rate of:-Feed @ 60.0 psia= 10.0cc/min.Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0 = 5.8 @ 16 Attenuation for CO2

		Peak height		
End of half	,	Top	Bottom	
cycle no.	Attn.	Product	Product	h/h ₀
0	16	5.8	5.8	1.00
1	16	2.5	4040 and 1000	0.131
2	4	4.0	and and and	0.1724
3	2	4.1		0.0884
4	1	3.9		0.0420
5.	4	1.9		0.0205
0	4		and (re) (5.0	0.0129
(0.0	1000 - 1000	0.0006
8	·16	and the same	6.3	1.0862
9	. 32	and but and	8.14	2.8960
1.0	16	ৰায়ণ্ট বছেও স >ৰ	6.9	1.1896
	32	1977 (m. 1931)	0.L	2.7460
$\bot \subset$	TO	ana pro Tat	(.)	1.2931

Run No.-5

System-He-C3H6

Carrier gas: Helium

Oven temp.:110°C Cell current:185 mA.

Pressure of carrier gas = 30 psig

Detector temp.: 37°C

Attenuation = 16 for $C_{3}H_{6}$

 Pressure absolute
 Peak height

 psia 14.7 2.7

 19.7 3.4

 24.7 4.2

 29.7 5.0

 314.7 5.8

 39.7 6.5

Run No.- 6

· · · · .

Oven temp.:ll0°CCell current: 185 mA.Detector temp:37°CCarrier gas : HeliumFeed concn.: 1 % C3H6Pressure of Carrier gas: 30 psigHalf cycle time: 15.0 mints. Purge ratio: 2.2Initial saturation pressure for:-Column 1= 60. psiaColumn 2= 20.0 psiaVolumetric flow rate of:-Feed @ 60.0 psia= 10.0 cc/min.Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0 = 2.5 @ 16 Attenuation for C3H6

End of half cycle no.	Attn.	Peak heigh Top Product	t Bottom Product	h/h ₀
0 1 2 ·	1 6 8 8	2,5 2,95 1,50	2.5	1.0 0.5673 0.2885
3 4	2	2.60 1.80	1980 - Ha Ma 1990 - Ha Ma	0.1250
56	16 16	2000 Aven 1988 2088	7•7 14•05	2.9615 1.5570
8	2	1.20	 7 C	0.0577
10	16 ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3.9	1,5000
12	16	2000 1926 1928 4980	4.2	1.6150

Run No.- 7

System-He-C3H6

Oven temp::llo[°]C Cell current: 185 mA. Detector temp:37[°]C Carrier gas : Helium Feed concn: 1 % C₃H₆ Pressure of Carrier gas: 30 psig Half cycle time: 15.0 mints. Purge ratio: 2.2 Initial saturation pressure for:-Column 1= 60.0psia Column 2= 60.0 psia Volumetric flow rate of:-Feed @ 60.0 psia= 10.0cc/min. Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min. Feed peak height,h₀= 2.6 @ 16 Attenuation for C₃H₆

End of half cycle no.	Attn.	Peak heigh Top Product	t Bottom Product	h/h ₀
0	16	2.6	2.6	1.00
1	16	2.6		1.00
2 .	dua 444	and was 100 1	And the sea	1999 1991 1991 1993
3	8	2.4	858 and 518	0.4615
4	8],]		0,2115
5	2	2.7	ent +== 100	0.1298
6	16	aperte anna anna	8.2	3.1538
7	16		8.3	3,1923
0 ·	6-0 WE	eena) eena) ₁	. 49369 and drag	ইয়াইই জানন ঠুনেটে ^{সম্পূৰ} মাৰ্গাই পৃষ্ঠান
9	······································	οτο στο 1	र्थवाली सुरुक्त के लोग	
10	2		ജ്യാട്ടിൽ കാത്ത വുംജ്	0.0065
11.	ے ۲	L o L 7 Q	ইপেরী হ পের বিষয়ে	0,0529
12	-L- 7	1 25	8000 sec 700	0.0433
1.) T.),		1 25	2010 - 1990 - 1990 - 1	0,0301
1 5	1		60.04 - 44 - 48 - 60.04	0.0201
16	16	L. 6. 171.	8 2	2 1 5 2 G
17	16	and the state	7.9	2 0281
78	2022 L.C.	· 教授 2011 1711 12時	1 @ /	and the set of the set
19	16	souge would shade yings	7.9	310380
20		8047 NOTO 1148 \$148	8460 godt mat	اد در این به والا این ر جناب معهد محمد محمد محمد
21	16	1000 And 100 CS	8.0	3.0770

-

Run No8	System-He-C _{3H6}
Oven temp.: 110°C Detector temp: 37°C Feed concn.: 1 % C ₃ H6 Half cycle time: 15.0 mints. Initial saturation pressure f Column 1= 60.0psia Volumetric flow rate of:- Feed @ 60.0 psia= 10.0cc/min. Purge @ 20.0 psia= 15.0 cc/mi Feed peak height, h_0= 2.6 @ 16	Cell current: 185 mA. Carrier gas : Helium Pressure of Carrier gas: 30 psig Purge ratio: 1.5 for:- Column 2= 60.0 psia n. Attenuation for C ₃ H ₆
*	

End of half cycle no.	Attn.	Peak height Top Product	Bottom Product	h/h ₀
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	16 16 8 4 2 2	2.6 2.6 1.2 1.1 1.3 1.55 1.00	2.6	1,00 1,00 0.4615 0.2115 0.1250 0.0745 0.04801
8 9 10 11 12 13 1)	2 16 16 16	ent and the period 9 9 7 5 Fina and the period fail and the period f	7 • 3 7 • 5 7 • 5	0.0306 2.8070 2.8850 2.7310

.

Run No.-9

Oven temp.:ll0°CCell current: 185 mA.Detector temp: 37°CCarrier gas : HeliumFeed concn.: 1 % C3H6Pressure of Carrier gas: 30 psigHalf cycle time:l5.0mints. Purge ratio: 1.5Initial saturation pressure for:-Column 1= 60.0 psiaColumetric flow rate of:-Column 2= 60.0 psiaFeed @ 60psia= 10.0 cc/min.Purge @ 20.0 psia= 15.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0 = 2.6 @ 16

End of half cycle no.	Attn.	Peak height Top Product	Bottom Product	h/h ₀
Q	16	2.6	2.6	1.00
. 1	16	848 mm	7.2	2.769
2	16	1.2		0.1615
3	8	1.1		0.2115
<u>4</u>	4	1.25	480 Hirl and	0,1202
. 2	2		848 ANT 1-9	0.0673
0	2	0.80	400 trit	0.0385
(.	1	L.20	and and and	0.0289
0	-L	0.05	40000 (1012) 2012)	0.0204
9 10	<u></u> Т	0.00	State but with	0.0192
11	-L 7			0.0156
1.2	1		and and not	0,0132
12	 1	0.20	1953 1050 Frag	0.0120
11	7	0 15		0.01.15
15	1	0 45	1970 (D12)	0.010.0
тб	7		3000 CP3 ()	0.0006
17	16	verige representations	7 5	2 2.2ビハ
18	16	මාම පැත _{මැත} 220	7.8	3,0000

Run No.- 10System-He-C $_{3}^{H_{6}}$ Oven temp.:ll0°CCell current: 185 mA.Detector temp:37°CCarrier gas : HeliumFeed concn.: 1 % C $_{3}^{H_{6}}$ Pressure of Carrier gas: 30 psigHalf cycle time: 15.0 mints. Purge ratio: 2.2Initial saturation pressure for:-Column 1= 60 psiaColumn 2= 60 psiaVolumetric flow rate of:-Column 2= 60 psiaFeed @ 60.0 psia= 10.0cc/min.Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0= 2.6 @ 16 Attenuation for C $_{3}^{H_{6}}$

End of half cycle no.	Attn.	Peak height Top Product	t Bottom Product	h/h ₀
0	16	2.6	2.6	1.0
1	T0	. 800 8-3 154	7•4	2.846
3	10	ပ္နိုင္ငံ	dial and int	0.3077
<u>ц</u>	4	1.5	and the second	0.1442
5	2	2.0		0.0962
6	1	2.5	and 2010 1611	0.0601
(1	1.9		0.0457
8	. 1	1.5	9/01 11/18 rint	0.0361
9	1	13	والتقرير والأعلام	0.0313
10	1.	1.05	জনজ্ঞা বাপেট ইবক	0,0252
11	1	0.85	\$13 \$78 \$14	0,0201
12.	1	0.80	and and party party	0,01,92
13	1	0.70	\$155 8-3 web	0.0168
3.1	1	0,65	अल्ला दर ान्त्र जनवर	0.0155
15	1	0.60	தோகுதலான இருத்	0.031/
1.6	l	0.58	黄泽 对"" 作为	0.0139
1.7	l	0.54	- 新海 书诗 安寺	0.0330
1.8	1	0.55	केला ठाउने रनक	0.0132
				، منه التي مقد الله (لا الله

Τε	ubl	е	no	•		14
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Table	3 no 14
Run No11	System-He-C02-C3H6
Oven temp.:ll0°C	Cell current:185 mA.
Pressure of carrier gas = 30 psig	
Detector temp.:37°C	Carrier gas: Helium
Attenuation $= 16$	

	Pressure absolute	Peak l	neight
	psia	°°2	^C 3 ^H 6
	14.7	4. 8	2.1
•	19.7	5.8	2.7
	24.7	7.1	3.4
	29.7	8.1	4.0
	34.7	8.9	4.7

Run No.-12

Oven temp.:ll0°CCell current:l85 mA.Detector temp.:37°CCarrier gas : HeliumHalf cycle time: 15.0 mints.Pressure of carrier gas: 30 psigFeed concn.:l%CO2,1%C3H6Purge ratio: 2.2Initial saturation pressure for -Column 1= 60.0 psiaColumn 2= 60.0 psiaVolumetric flow rate of:-Feed @60.0 psia=10.0 cc/min.Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0 = 4.7@ 16Attenuation for CO2

= 2.0 @16 Attenuation for C_3H_6

End of bolf	· .	P To Prod	eak heigh p uct	t Bot Pro	tom			
cycle no.	Attn.	^{C0} 2	^C 3 ^H 6	co ²	^C 3 ^H 6]	h/h ₀	
						002	⁰ 3 ⁸ 6	
0	16	4.7	2,0	4.7	2.0	l .0	`l.O	
.] ·	16	4.7	2.0			1.0	1.0	
2	16	2.0	0.9	4400 ents 1000		0.4255	0.450	
3	4	3.6	2.0			0.1915	0.250	
	4	1.5	1.10			0.0798	0.1375	
5	2.	1.6	1.5			0.0426	0.0938	
6	2	0.7	0.9			0.0186	0.0563	
7	1	0.8	1.2		3000 (mit) 400	0.0106	0.0375	
8 /	.]	0.4	0.6		878 #78	0.0053	0.0186-	•
9	1	0•4	0.6	ano ani 278		0.0053	0,0106	
Ј.О	32	Sent Sin also	1978 See 610	6.3	3.1	2.681	3,100	
11.	32	1000 team gant	dent anne ditte	5.3	3.0	2.255	3.000	
1.2	32	and the pro-	erces danit gents	4.9	3.0	2.085	3,000	,
	32		CTITA parts \$5500	3.6	2.9	1.532	2.200	
<u>.</u>	32	and disk gain	and (140 \$100)	2.3	2.8	1.192	5,000	
15	32		وريها ومتد	2.07	2.9	1,149	Strain Service	
2.6	32	and 4150 years	**** **** 259	16	2.8	0.681	5.300	
17	32		000# non 2*##	1.5	2.8	0.638	5*900	
18	32	5120 STAR \$449	ana 1.00	1.3	2.8	0.565	2,300	

Run No.- 13

System-He-CO2-C3H6

Oven temp.:110°CCell current:185 mA.Detector temp.:37°CCarrier gas : HeliumHalf cycle time: 15.0 mints.Pressure of carrier gas: 30 psigFeed concn.:1%C02,1%C3H6Purge ratio: 2.2Initial saturation pressure for -Column 1= 60.0 psiaColumn 2= 60.0 psiaVolumetric flow rate of:-Feed @ 60.0 psia= 10.0 cc/min.Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0 = 5.2

= 2.1 @16 Attenuation for $C_{3}H_{6}$

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	End of holf		F Tc Prod	eak heigh p luct	lt Bot Pro	tom duct		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	cycle no.	Attn.	co2	^C 3 ^H 6	°°2	^C 3 ^H 6	h/1	h _O
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•						cos	C 3.84
	0 1 2 3 14 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 22	16 32 32 4 4 4 4 2 1 1 1 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	5.2 5.7 1.6 0.9 1.1 1.7 1.2 0.9 0.4		7.3 7.5 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.8 7.8 7.6 1.8 1.6 1.0 1.85 1.6	3.2 3.3 1 1 1 4 6 5 5 5 3.3 1 1 1 1 4 3.6 6 5 5 5 5 3.0 2 1 1 1 1 6 6 5 5 5 5 3.0 2 3.0 3 1 1 1 1 6 6 5 5 5 5 3.0 2 2 2 4 4 5 3.0 2 2 2 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1.0 2.8076 2.8846 0.2740 0.0769 0.01433 0.0264 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.020000000000	1.0 3.0/476 3.1/430 0.3570 0.15/48 0.1071 0.0327 0.0228 3.00/17 0.0228 3.00/17 0.0228 3.00/17 0.0228 3.00/17 3.0286 3.00/17 3.01/16 3.01/16 3.01/16 3.01/16 3.01/16 3.01/16 3.00/00
Table no.- 17

Run No.-14

Oven temp.: 110°C Cell current: 185 mA. Detector temp.: 37°C Carrier gas : Helium Half cycle time: 8.0 mints.Pressure of carrier gas: 30 psig Feed concn.: $1\%CO_2$, $1\%C_3H_6$ Purge ratio: 1.5 Initial saturation pressure for -Column 1=4.0.0 psia Column 2=4.0.0 psia Volumetric flow rate of:-Feed @ 40.0 psia= 14.7 cc/min. Purge @ 20.0 psia= 22.0 cc/min. Feed peak height, h_0 = 4.4 @ 16Attenuation for CO₂

= 2.05 @16 Attenuation for $C_{3}H_{6}$

Peak	height
Ton	-

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Fnd	of bolf		To Prod	p uct	Bot Pro	tom duct		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	су	cle no.	Attn.	00 ₂	^C 3 ^H 6	co ²	^C 3 ^H 6	co ₂	n/ho _{C3H6}
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	4.4 4.4 2.7 1.7 1.1 3.3 2.0 1.3 2.2 1.7 1.2 1.0 1.7 1.3	2.05 2.05 2.05 1.30 1.05 0.84 2.60 1.90 1.8 3.60 2.30 4.70 3.80 7.30 5.70	4.2 4.2 4.35 4.30 4.00 3.90	1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.90 1.90	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.6136 0.3864 0.2500 0.1875 0.1136 0.0739 0.0625 0.0483 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0284 0.0285 1.9100 1.9100 1.9100 1.9100 1.9100 1.9540 1.8180 1.7730 2.0000	1.0 1.0 0.634 0.5122 0.4097 0.3170 0.2317 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.22195 0.2195 0.22195 0.2195 0.22195 0.2195 0.22195 0.22195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2195 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2219 0.2220 0.2219 0.2220 0.2219 0.2220 0.2220 0.2250 0.2250 0.2250 0.2317

Table no.-18

Run No.- 15

System-He-CO₂-C₃H₆

Oven temp.:ll0°CCell current:l85 mA.Detector temp.:37°CCarrier gas : HeliumHalf cycle time: 8.0mints.Pressure of carrier gas: 30 psigFeed concn.:l%CO2,l%C3H6Purge ratio: 1.0Initial saturation pressure for -Column 1= μ 0.0 psiaColumn 1= μ 0.0 psiaColumn 2= μ 0.0 psiaVolumetric flow rate of:-Feed @ μ 0.0 psia= 1 μ .7 cc/min.Purge @ 20.0psia= 22.0 cc/min.Feed peak height, h_0= μ .7@ 16Attenuation for CO2

=2.1 @16 Attenuation for C3H6

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Fnd	of	holf		P Tc Prod	eak heigh p uct	t Bot Pro	tom duct		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	су	cle i	n0.	Attn.	^{C0} 2	^C 3 ^H 6	co ²	°3 ^H 6	co ₂ h/1	^{ho} c3 ^H 6
	· · ·	0123456789112345678901 123456789112345678901 222		16 32 16 14 44 42 21 1 32 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	4.7 1.0 2.8 1.7 1.2 1.6 1.2 1.5 1.2 0.9		3.1 4.1 3.4.1 3.4.4 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	1.5 1.9 1.5 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.0 2.1 1.85 1.9 1.9	1.0 1.319 1.745 0.362 0.213 0.149 0.0904 0.0640 0.0640 0.0430 0.0199 0.0199 0.0199 0.0199 0.0199 0.0159 1.8720 1.8720 1.8720 1.8720 1.8720 1.8720 1.8720 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7450 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.7750 1.77500 1.77500 1.77500 1.77500 1.77500 1.77500 1.77500	1.0 1.428 1.810 0.176 0.381 0.2710 0.2260 0.2260 0.2260 0.2260 0.2260 0.2260 0.2260 0.2024 0.1750 0.1550 0.1160 1.7160 1.7160 1.7520 1.7520 1.7520 1.7520 1.7520

Run no: 16

System: He-CO2-C3H6

Saturation pressure - 20 psia

Detector temp. - 37°C

Oven temp. - 110°C

Cell current - 185 mA

Carrier gas - Helium

Attenuation - 16

Time

Peak height

hr	-	min.	^{co} 2	^C 3 ^H 6
0		15	1.8	0.65
0	-	25	3.0	1.05
0	-	50	4.8	1.20
l		15	4.8	1.20
l		30	4.8	1.20
2		05	4.8	1.20
2		15	4.8	1.50
2		30	4.8	1.50
3		00	4.8	1.50
3		30	4.8	1.50
4		00	4.8	1.50
4		30	4.8	1.50
5	a 1	00	Ц.8	2,10
5	-	30	2 4 •8	2.10
6		00	4.8	2.10

•

Table No: 20

Run no: 17

System: He-CO₂-C₃H₆

Saturation pressure - 60 psia Detector temp. - 37°C Oven temp. - 110°C Cell Current - 185 mA Carrier gas - Helium

Attenuation - 16

Time	Peak heigh	t
hr - min.	^{CO} 2	^C 3 ^H 6
0 - 15	1.0	0.15
0 - 25	1.7	0.25
0 - 45	1.7	0.30
0 - 55	1.7	0.30
1 - 10	3.05	0.30
1 – 30	4.8	0.35
2 - 00	4.8	0.35
2 - 30	4.8	0.35
3 - 00	4.8	0.35
3 - 30	4.8	0.35
4 - 00	4.8	0.35
4 - 30	4.8	0.35
5 - 00	4.8	0.35
5 - 30	4.8	0.35
6 - 00	4.8	0.75
6 - 30	4.8	1.15
7 - 00	4.8	1.60
³ 7 - 30	4.8	2.10
8 - 00	4.8	2.10

Table No:21

THERMAL PARAMETRIC PUMP

- Physical parameters for use in computations -

Column diameter = 1.0 cm

Column height = 90.0 cm.

Column cross-sectional area = 0.785 cm^2

Packing - Bio-Rad AG 11 AS-Resin

Density for silica gel ' S_s ' = 0.761 gm/cm³

Bed voidage $' \in ' = 0.38$

bed height = 90.0 cms.

Top reservoir dead volume ' V_{m} ' = 5.0 cc.

bottom reservoir dead volume ' $V_{\rm B}$ ' = 5.0 cc.

Operating temperature -

Hot temperature = $70.0^{\circ}C$

Cold temperature = $5.0^{\circ}C$

Equilibrium constants for system NaCl-H20-

An expression given by Swwed (1971) has been used:

$$M_{T} = a_{m} - b_{m} \cdot T$$
, where $a_{m} = 14.6347$
 $b_{m} = 0.00993$

Mass transfer coefficient for NaCl-H₂O system-Following expression has been used as given by Sweed (1971) - $\lambda = \alpha \cdot v^{1-\beta}$ where, $\beta = 0.7$

Table No: 22

HEATLESS PARAMETRIC PUMP

- Physical parameters for use in computations -

Column diameter = 3.175 cm.

column diameter = 100.0 cm.

Column cross-sectional area = 7.913 cm^2

Packing - Silica gel type

density of silica gel ' S_s ' = 0.73 gm./cm³

Particle diameter for 12-28 tylor mesh size = 0.1 cm

bed voidage e' = 0.42

bed height = 100 cm.

A constant value of equilibrium coefficient ${}^{K_{p}}$ ' calculated at 60 psia has been used for both systems.

System K_n

			r
He		^{c0} 2	52.7
He	-	C ['] ₃ H ₆	250.0

Operating temperature = 25.0° C

Mas transfer coefficient calculated from equation (C)-Appendix - I

	flow rate				(mi	n ⁻¹) @ P:	ressure_
System	(cc/min)				60	40	20
He-CO2	10.0	4.0	-0.51	2.2	0.49465	ayon andis	1,2746
He-CO2	14.7	4.0	-0.51	1.0	899 400	0.72717	1,0461
He-C ₃ H6	10.0	1,25	-0.51	2.2	0.13001	स्टाइके जातांके	0.33515
He-C3H6	10.0	1.25	-0.51	1.5	0.13001		0.27730
He-C ₃ H6	14.7	1.25	-0.51	1.0	479 Scil	0.19304	0.27507

			$p_{\rm B}^{-}$ 0.01, 1	
	14	IND	TT	ل ا
n (1	. 2	60,851	
amen a staatstaalt s anast baaren a meessak	•	VV	٧X	ŇŤR
	1	0,1000CE+03	0,18271E-03	1
	2	0,99739E-04	0,181508-03	2
	3 4	0.99441E=04 0.99108E=04	0,178998-03	2
	5	0.987426-04	0,17770E-03	2
	6	0,98345E-04	0.17040E-03	2
	7	0.97919E-04	0,17508E-03	2
	8	0,97467E - 04		2
	10	0.964916-04	0.171098+03	2
	11	0.95972E+04	0,16976E-03	2
	12	0.95434E-04	0,16843E-03	1
	13	0,94380E-04	0,16711E-03	1
	14	0.943138=04	0.160505-03	1
	16	0,931438+04	0.16322E-03	ī
	17	0.92544E-04	0,16195E-03	1
	18	0.91939E-04	0,16070E-03	1
	19	0.91328E+04	0,15948E=03	1
	20	0.90713E=04	0.157086-03	
	22	0.89479E-04	0.15592E=03	1
	23	0.88862E=04	0,15478E=03	1
	24 .	0.88246E-04	0.15367E-03	1
	× 25	0.87633E=04	0.152588=03	· 1
	26		0.151526=03	1
	28	0.004172-04	0.14948E+03	ĩ
	29	0,85228E-04	0,14850E=03	1
	30	0.84643E=04	0,14755E-03	1
	31	0.840655-04	0,140626-03	1 1
		0 820376-04	0,143722-03 0,14485F+03	<u> </u>
	34	0.823876+04	0.14400E-03	1
	35	0.81846E-04	0,14318E-03	1
• •	36	0.81317E-04	0.14239E-03	1
•	37	0,807988-04	0,141622=03	
		0.002912-04	0.14017E=03	
	40	0.79308E-04	0,13948E-03	1
•	41	0,78834E-04	0.13881E-03	1
•	42	0.78372E=04	0.13817E-03	1
	43	0.779228-04	0.136055-07	1
	44	0.77464EF04	0.136376-03	<u> </u>
	46	0.76643E+04	0,13582E-03	1
	47	0.76241E-04	0.13529E-03	1
****	48	0.7585CE-04	0.13478E-03	1
	49	0,754716-04	0,134296-03	4 . 1
	51	0.7474/E-04	0,13337E+03	1
	52	0,74402E-04	0.13293E=03	1
	53	0,74069E-04	0,13252E-03	1
	54	0.73746E-04	0,132128+03	1
	55	0,/3434E=04 n 72133E=n4	U,131/464U3 0.131776403	1
	57	0 728438-04	0.13102E-03	ī
	58	0.72562E-04	0,13069E-03	1
	59	0.72292E-04	0.13037E-03	1
	60	0.72031E-04	0.13006E-03	1
	61	0.71790E-04	0.12977E-03	1
	62	0./15386=04	0,129496-03	1
	00 64	0,710818-04	0,1272657V3 0,12897F=0X	-
	65	c 70866E-04	0,12872E-03	1
		b JodECP 04	0 179105-07	

VV/³²

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	i	0,73255E+04	0,89893E-04	1
	2	0,73255E-04	0.89893E-04	1
	3	0,732556=04	0.898935-04	1
	4	0,73252E=04	0,89895E+04	
	6	0.732566-04	0.89897E-04	· 1
	7	0,7325EE+04	0,89902E-04	1
	8	0.73261E-04	0,89910E-04	1
	9	0,/32006=04	0.899236-04	1
na samanahan dan mananan kara ta saman kara sana agan a madaga kara na sa	-11-	0,73286E-04	0.89977E-04	The second se
	12	0.73309E-04	0,90023E-04	1
· 4)	13	0,73339E-04	0.90087E-04	1
	14	0.733796-04	0,90174E-04	2
	15	0,/34346-04	0.902808-04	2
	-10	0.73601E-04	0,90610E-04	2
	18	0.73721E-04	0,90832E-04	2
	19	0.7337CE-04	0,91099E-04	2
	20	0.74052E-04	0,914186-04	2
•	21	0,/42/05=04	0,91/910-04	. 2
	-23	0.74830E-04	0.92713E-04	2
· ·	24	0,75177E-04	0,93266E-04	- 2
·	25	0,75571E-04	0,93882E-04	2
	- 26	0.76014E-04	0,94561E-04	2
د	27	0,/000/8=04	0,953020-04	2
	-20	0.77641E=04	0.96960E-04	2
,	30	0.7828CE-04	0,97872E-04	2
	31	0.78965E-04	0,98833E-04	
	32	0,796926-04	0,998395-04	2
	34	0.812648-04	0.10196E-03	2
	-35	0.8210CE-04	0.10307E-03	2
	36	0.82964E+04	0,10420E-03	ester de la construction de la const
· ·	37	0.83853E+04	0.10535E-03	<u> </u>
	38	0.84/012-04	0,100516+03	1
	40	0.866185-04	0.108856-03	ī
	41	0.87558E=04	0.11002E-03	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	42	0.8850CE-04	0.11118E-03	1
	43	0.89441E=04	0,11232E=03	
	44	0,903//8-04	0.114576=03	1
	40	n 92225F=04	0.11567E-03	1
	47	0,93131E-04	0,11674E-03	1
	48	0,94024E-04	0,11780E-03	1
	49	0.94901E-04	0,11883E-03_	1
	50	0.957648~04	0,119848#03	1
	51 52	0,90000000	0.121806-03	2
	53	0.98248E-04	0,12275E-03	2
	54	0.9904CE-04	0,12368E-03	1
4 	55	0,9981/E+34	0,12459E-03	1
	56	0,100586-03 0,101388-03	0.120408-03	1
	58	0.10206E-03	0,12722E-03	ī
	59	0,102766-03	0.12808E-03	
	60	0,10349E+03	0,12892E-03	1
	61	0,10419E-03	0,12976E-03	1
	62	0,104052-03	0,1300000003	1
4 -10	00 64	0.106265-03	0.13226E-03	<u>ī</u>
	65	0.10694E-03	0,13309E-03	1
	66	0,10762E=03	0.13392E-03	1
	0	12226E-03	-	
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\checkmark	0.54911E-04

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	xx 0.19739E-03 0.19604E-03 0.19464E-03 0.19320E-03 0.19172E-03 0.19020E-03 0.18665E-03 0.18708E-03 0.18548E+03 0.18385E-03 0.18056E-03 0.18056E-03 0.17890E-03 0.17554E-03 0.17385E-03	NTA 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
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$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 0,19739\pm -03\\ 0,19604\pm -03\\ 0,19464\pm -03\\ 0,19320\pm -03\\ 0,19172\pm -03\\ 0,19172\pm -03\\ 0,19020\pm -03\\ 0,1865\pm -03\\ 0,18708\pm -03\\ 0,18548\pm -03\\ 0,18385\pm -03\\ 0,18222\pm -03\\ 0,18056\pm -03\\ 0,17890\pm -03\\ 0,17722\pm -03\\ 0,17554\pm -03\\ 0,17385\pm -03\\ 0,17385\pm -03\\ \end{array}$	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0,19464E-03 0,19464E-03 0,19320E-03 0,19172E-03 0,19020E-03 0,18865E-03 0,18708E-03 0,18385E-03 0,18385E-03 0,18056E-03 0,17890E-03 0,17722E-03 0,17385E-03	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0,19320E-03 0,19172E-03 0,19020E-03 0,18865E-03 0,18708E-03 0,18548E-03 0,18385E-03 0,18385E-03 0,18056E-03 0,17890E-03 0,17554E-03 0,17385E-03	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0,191722=03 0,19020E=03 0,18865E=03 0,18708E=03 0,18385E=03 0,18385E=03 0,18222E=03 0,18056E=03 0,17890E=03 0,17554E=03 0,17385E=03	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0,18865E-03 0,18865E-03 0,18548E-03 0,18548E-03 0,18385E-03 0,18056E-03 0,18056E-03 0,17890E-03 0,17722E-03 0,17554E-03 0,17385E-03	222222222222222222222222222222222222222
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29 0,89683E-04	0.15194E-03	1
30 0,088332±++04 31 0,879755+-04	0,15030E=03 0,14866E=03	1
32 0,87125E+04	0,14704E-03	.1
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34 0,85414≿→04 35 0.84555E=04	0,14384E=03 0.14226E=03	에 114월 18일 - 이번 11일 - 12일 - 1월 18일 - 12일 - 12 이 제품은 사람이 제품을 위해 있는 12일 - 12
36 0.83706E-04	0,14069E-03	$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}$
37 0,82855E-04	0,13915E-03	1
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41 0.79487E-04	0,13317E-03	and the second secon
42 0,786586=04	0,13174E=03 0,13033E=07	1
44 0.77021E-04	0.12895E-03	1
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46 0./541¢E=04 47 0.74627E=04	0.1262/E-03 0.12498E-03	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
48 0,738496-04	0.12372E-03	ī
49 0.73081E-04	0,122498-03	1
51 0,/2324E-04 51 0,7157SE=04	0,12129E-03 0.12012E-03	1
52 0.708476-04	0.11899E-03	1
53 0,70128E=04	0.117896-03	1
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56 0,68050E-104	0,11479E-03	2
57 0.67386E-04	0,113816-03	2
59 0.66101E-04	0.11196E-03	2
60 0.65481E-04	0.11109E-03	2
61 0.64876E-04	0 44004C 0-	2
63 0.637128-04	0,110248-03	2
64 0.63152E-D4	0,11024E=03 0,10942E=03 0,10863E=03	2 2
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6	0.41035E-04	0,50357E-04	•	1
7	0.41037E-04	0,50361E-04		1 .
d	0.41035E-34	0,50368E-04		1
. 9	0.410438-04	0.503076-04	· · ·	1
10 11	0.410528-04	0.50424E-04		1
12	0.410796-04	0.50463E-04		1
13	0,41103E-04	0,50517E-04	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
.1.4	0.411376-04	0,505898-04		2
15	0.411836-04	0,500055-04. 0.500085-04		2
17	0.41327E+04	0.50964E-04		2
18	0.4143CE-04	0,51158E-04		2
19	0.41560E-04	0,51394E-04	n de la companya de la	2
20	0.41715E-04	0.51677E-04	•	2
21	0,41912E-04	0,520116-04		2
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24	0.427298-04	0,53362E-04	•.	2
25	0,43093E-04	0.53938E-04		3
26	0,43506E-04	0.545816-04		3
27	0.4397CE-04	0,552928-04		い て
28	0,444866=04	0,569166-04	· · · · · · ·	3
30	0 456756-04	0.57827E-04		3
31	0.46356E-04	0,58804E-04		3
32	0,47084E-04	0,598428-04	· · ·	2
33	0.47364E-04	0,60937E-04		2
34	0.486938-04	0.620895-04		2
36	0.495712-04	0,032932404		2
37	0 51-16CE-04	0.65848E-04	t general i egitari. Gi ya te shi tu	2
38	0.524668-04	0.67191E-04		2
39	0.53513E-04	0,68572E-04	,	2 .
40	0.54593E-04	0,69990E-04		2
41	0.057008-04	0,719402-04		2
43	0.580178-04	0.744246-04	and the second	2
44	0.59211E-04	0.75954E-04		2 .
45	0.60428E-04	0.77505E-04		2
46	0,61665E-04	0.79677E-04		2
47	0.029218-04	U,00060E-04 A.80077E-04		<u>^</u> 2
48	0.654828+04	0,838956~04		2
50	0,66785E-04	0,855326-04	999-999 - <u>899 - 19</u> -19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 1	2
51	0,68102E-04	0.87184E-04		2
52	<u>n,69433E-04</u>	0.88849E-04		1
53	0,707746-04	0,70230E-04 0.02234E-04		1
24 55	0:734966+04	0,939326-04	с	1
56	0.74874E-04	0,95654E-04		1
57	0.76263E-04	0,973905-04		1
58	0./7664E-04	U.99142E-04		<u> </u>
66 A	0,//9//15-74 0.805025-04	0,100916-0%		1
61	0.819396-04	0.10449E-03		1
62	0.83335E-04	0.10630E-03		1
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ு , ⊷ அணைப்தில, அடைய அடைய	de Andre - son - presidente sindernaar aander nader : M K	in the second second IND	ττ 4.0	ar(, p) dis maan balan saata see daan die Nenderswise ruger nabel en een set en ee ●	ne fan Skillenijk, oar en en oakte skille en en 🤍 daar skilleniskerste skillen en op oakte skilleniskerste oakt
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	49	0.594266-04	0,91464E=04		2
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	52	0.56358E-04	0,868276-04		2
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	56	0.525518~04	0,81292E-04		2
	57	0.5077/E-04	0.78793E-04		2
	59 . Ka	0.49923E-04	0.77607E-04		2
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9	0.297458-04	0.365288+04	, î	
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12	0,29774E-04	0,36583E+04	2	
13	0.29795E-04	U. 36627E-04	2	
14	0,290238-04	0,366885~04	· 2	• * .
15	0.298028-04	0.368728-04	2	
17	0 299826-04	0.37003E-04	2	
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20	0.30313E~04	0,3/504=+04	· 2 .	
21	0.304706-04	0.382208-04	3	an an article of the second second second
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24	0.31174E~04	0,39042E-04	3	
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26	0.316376-04	- 0.40090E-04	. J	
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32	0.34934E-04	0.446688=04	3	
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35	0.37122E-04	0.47728E-04	3	
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37	0.3379EE-04	0,50016E-04	2	·
30	0,395968-04	0,524786-04	2	
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41	0.42617E-04	0,55096E-04	2	
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59	0.049768-04	0.854075-04	2	
61 00	0.001022-04	0,872576-04	2	
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65	0,/387/6-04 n 75/n75-n/	U,940398-U4 0.967065-04	2	
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الم المحمدية مدرية فالبد الفا مداو والرجم

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مىلى مەرمىدىكى بىرىمىدىكى بىيىلىكى بىرىكى ئارىكى يېزىكى بىلى ي

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	10	0.793288-04	0,16/376-03	2
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	50	0.50684E-04	0,75105t+04	с . Э
	>1	0.496252-04	0.720735-04	2
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	54	0.465398-04	0,692336-04	2
<u></u>	55	0.45085E-1)4	0,67883E-04	2
	56	0.44762E-04	0,66578E-04	2
	57	0.436566-04	0.000196-04	<u> </u>
	20 50	U,729//5704 - 0. 401155404	0.629328-04	2
		0. 41284E=04	0.61303E-04	2
	<u> </u>	0.40472E-14	0,60714E-04	2
	62	0,39683E-04	0,596665-04	2
	63 .	0.38917E-04	0,58657E-04	2
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5	D.25345E-04	0,30734E-04	1	
6	0.25046E=04	0.30/366-04	L	
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10	0.250576-04	0,30765E-04	1	
11	0.25066E-04	0.30786E-04	. 1	• •
12	0.25078E+04	0.30815E-04	2	
13	0.25096E-04	0.30356E-04	2	
14	U,25122E-04	0.30911E-04	2	
15	0.251576+04	0.30983E-04	2	
1.6	0.2520564	0.311075-04	2	
19	0.252000000	0.31346E+04	2	
19	0.25445E-04	0.31527E-04	22	-
20	0.2556/E-04	0.31745E-04	. 2	
21	0.25717E=04	0.32005E-04	3	
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24		0.335426-04	3	
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20	0 27329E-04	0,34591E-04	3	
. 28	0.277388+04	0,352126-04	33	
29	0.28191E-04	0.35890E-04	3	
30	0.28689E-04	0.36624E-04	3	
31	0.29232E-04	0,374146-04		•
3 32	0.298266404	0.30158E-04	3	
t. ⊃0 ∋ ∵	0.311306-04	0.40108E-04	3	
35	0.31351E-04	0.41109E-04	3	
36	0.32613E-04	0,42157E-04	3	
37	0.33416E-04	0.43252E-04	3	
<u> </u>	0.34257E-04	0,44390E-04	2	
39	Q.35136E-04	0,4556/6-04	2	
4 ()	1.36020E=04	0.480395-04		
42	0.379798-04	0.49329E-04	2	• '
43	0 38991E-04	0.506528-04	2	
44	0.40032E-04	0.52007E-04	. 2	
45	0.4110CE-04	0,53392E-04	. 2	· .
46	0.42195E-04	0,54807E-04	2	
47	0.433166-04	0.577005-04		
48	U.444016-04 0.456316-04	0,502185-04	2	
4 y	0.453218-04	0.607418-04		
51	a 48035E-04	0.62291E-04	. 2	
52	0.49271E-04	0.63866E-04	2	
53	0.505286-04	0,65467E-04	2.	
54	6.51306E-34	0,67094E-04	2	•
55	0,53106E-04	0,68747E-04	2	
56	0.5442/6-04	0,704266-04	2	
57 50	0,207078404 6 571336+04	0.73364F=04	2	
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61	0.61354E-04	0.792228-04	2	
62	0,62805E-04	0.810626-04	2	
63	0.64277E-04	0.82930E-04	2	
64	0.05//28-04	0.040255-04	<u> </u>	
65 64	U_0/2078-04 0_688995-04	0,886965-04	2	
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$ \begin{array}{c} 26 & 1 & 23972 \pm 34 & 0 & 29450 \pm 04 & 3 \\ 21 & 0 & 23651 \pm -04 & 0 & 29450 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 22 & 0 & 23652 \pm -04 & 0 & 29450 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 23 & 0 & 244526 \pm -04 & 0 & 30076 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 24 & 0 & 244526 \pm -04 & 0 & 30076 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 25 & 0 & 244534 \pm -04 & 0 & 30076 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 26 & 0 & 244534 \pm -04 & 0 & 31925 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 27 & 0 & 25164 \pm -04 & 0 & 31925 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 28 & 0 & 25164 \pm -04 & 0 & 31925 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 29 & 0 & 25076 \pm -04 & 0 & 31925 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 20 & 0 & 25076 \pm -04 & 0 & 31925 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 31 & 0 & 27076 \pm -04 & 0 & 31867 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 32 & 0 & 26076 \pm -04 & 0 & 331867 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 33 & 0 & 27076 \pm -04 & 0 & 331867 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 33 & 0 & 27076 \pm -04 & 0 & 33467 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 33 & 0 & 27076 \pm -04 & 0 & 34567 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 33 & 0 & 27076 \pm -04 & 0 & 34567 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 33 & 0 & 27076 \pm -04 & 0 & 34537 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 34 & 0 & 29575 \pm -04 & 0 & 34526 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 35 & 0 & 29575 \pm -04 & 0 & 34526 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 36 & 0 & 30267 \pm -04 & 0 & 43258 \pm -04 & 3 \\ 36 & 0 & 30267 \pm -04 & 0 & 43258 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 40 & 0 & 33275 \pm -04 & 0 & 43258 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 41 & 0 & 3735 \pm -04 & 0 & 43258 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 42 & 0 & 35975 \pm -04 & 0 & 34256 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 41 & 0 & 3735 \pm -04 & 0 & 34256 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 42 & 0 & 35975 \pm -04 & 0 & 34256 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 42 & 0 & 35975 \pm -04 & 0 & 44266 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 44 & 0 & 37975 \pm -04 & 0 & 44266 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 44 & 0 & 37975 \pm -04 & 0 & 34258 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 45 & 0 & 34535 \pm -04 & 0 & 34258 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3953 \pm -04 & 0 & 30168 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 47 & 0 & 3975 \pm -04 & 0 & 364975 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 35495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 35495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 35495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 35495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 56495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 56495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 56495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 56495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 56495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 3945 \pm -04 & 0 & 56495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 5945 \pm -04 & 0 & 56495 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 5945 \pm -04 & 0 & 5645 \pm -04 & 2 \\ 46 & 0 & 5945 \pm -04 & 0 &$		10 10	0.233966-04	0.28992E-04		2
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		60	0.570456-04	0.73837E-04		2
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65 0.64354E-04 0.03121E-04 2 66 0.65085E-04 2		63 64	0.62846E-04	0.81207E-04		2
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9 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 -	4	0.98503E-04	0,17337E-03	2
	5	0.979835-04	0,17103E-03	2
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	9	0.94822E-04	0,16113E-03	. 2
	10	0.93325E-04	0,15854E-03	2
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	15	0.91995E-04	0,15328E-03	<u>2</u>
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	17	6.86506E-04	0,13985E-03	2
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	20	0.828/16-04	0,13176E-03	2
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	22	0 /905/00-04	0,123785-03	1
ŧ.	24	0.777718-04	0.12115E-03	\mathbf{I}_{1}
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	27	0.73837E-04	0.11341E-03	<u>1</u>
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ŧ	29	0,711946-04	0,108408-03	1
	30	0.098712-04	0.103945-03	*
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	34	U.64613E-04	0.96454E-04	1
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4	37	0.60/466-04	0.876195-04	2
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	44	0.521768-04	0,/5/40t=04	2
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	24	0.42637E=34	0.585505-04	2
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	11	0,221336=04	0,271868-04	•	1
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	15	0.22219E-04	0.27370E-04		2
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	28	0.24646E-04	0.31351E-04		3
	29	0.25073E=04	0.31992E-04	an a	3
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	39	0.31675E-04	0.41213E-04		2
	40	0.3255CE-04	0.42381E-04	1	2
	41	U.33458E-04	0,43586E-04		2
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	43	0.353/16-04	0.401026-04		2
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4	0.97905E-04	0.17220E-03	2
· 5 ·	0.972826-04	0.16285E-03	2
66	0.96598E-64	0.16744E-03	<u>2</u> .
/ 8	0,958368404 0.95058F-24	0.162468-03	2
9	0.94207E-04	0.15991E-03	2
10	0.93307E-04	0,15731E-03	2
11	0,92350E-04	0,154696703 0,152035-07	2
12	0.903371-34	0.14936E-03	Ž
14	0.89267E-04	0,14667E-03	2
15	0.88162E-04	0.14397E-03	. 2
16	0.870256-04	0,141276-03	2
18	0.84667E-04	0+13585E-03	2
19	0.8345CE-04	0,13315E-03	S
20	0.82213E-04	0,13045E-03	. 2
21	0.80956E-04		<u>د</u> 1
23	0.783962-04	0.12246E-03	1
24	0.77098E-04	0.11933E-03	1
25	0.75790E-04	0.11/22E-03	. 1
26 e	0.73:555-04	0 11208E-03	1
28	0.718318-04	0,10956E-03	1 I
29	0,70505E-04	0,10706E-03	1
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31	0.0/30/8-04	0.102176-03	1
33	0,652238-04	0.97431E-04	1
34	0,63915E-04	0.95119E-04	
35	0.62615E-04	0.92848E→04	1
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38	0.58775E-04	0.862926-04	2
39	0.57526E-04	0.84197E-04	2
40	0.56279E-04	0.82148E-04	2
41	0,250221-04	0.791045-04	2
43	0.52649E-04	0,76290E-04	2
44	0.51474E-04	0.74435E-04	2
45	0.50318E-04	0,72631E-04	2
46	0,491016-04 0 48054F-04	0.69171E-04	2
48	• 0,46968E-04	0,675165-04	2
49	0.45894E-04	0.65911E-04	2
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53	0.412185-04	0,599828-04	2
54	0.40857E-04	0.58620E-04	2
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58	0.37245E-04	0,53626E-04	2
59	0.3640LE-04	U,52487E-04	2
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01 62	0,047028404 0.340028404	0,49316E-04	2
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	15	0.218258-04	0.26886E-04	2
	16	0.219686-04	0,26973E-04	2
90	17	0.21326E-04	0.27084E-04	2
	18	0,219996-04	0.27221E-04	2
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	22	0.225128404	0,270322-04	3
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	24	0.22939E-04	0,288228-04	3
	25	0,232045-04	0.29247E-04	3
	26	0.23507E-04	0.29722E-04	
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	35	0,280966-04	0.373956-04	3
	37	0.205176-04	0.38423E-04	3
	38	0.30377E-04	0,39505E-04	3
	39	0.31210E-04	0,40628E-04	2
	40	0.3208CE-04	0.41789E-04	2
	41	0.329836-04	0.4298/6-04	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	4.5	0.353915-04	0.467925-04	2
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	20 54	U,924178999 A 4750FELOA	0,0020000000	2
	21 52	0.44795E-04	0,58276E-04	2
	53	0,4601.7E-04	0,59839E-04	2
,	54	0.47262E-04	0.614298-04	2
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	57 59	0.21134C+U4 0.52171F=14	0,0000727-04	2
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